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**Грамматика английского языка**

**методическая разработка**

Разработано для обучающихся  
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40.02.01 Право и организация социального обеспечения

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(Данная методическая разработка предназначена для студентов второго, третьего и четвертого курсов, изучающих английский язык в качестве общеобразовательного предмета и может быть использовано как для самостоятельной работы студентов, так и на аудиторных занятиях. Разработка призвана содействовать закреплению полученных знаний, формированию умений и навыков в их применении и соответствует Рабочим программами специальностей 49.02.01 Физическая культура, 49.02.02 Адаптивная физическая культура, 40.02.01 Право и организация социального обеспечения.

Методическая разработка составлена для изучения и закрепления теоретического материала (грамматики). Упражнения подобраны в соответствии с программой и носят разноуровневый характер.

Методическая разработка предназначена для студентов, обучающихся по специальностям 49.02.01 Физическая культура, 49.02.02 Адаптивная физическая культура, 40.02.01 Право и организация социального обеспечения.

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## Введение

Социально-политические и экономические преобразования во всех сферах нашего общества привели к существенным изменениям в сфере образования. Расширение международных связей, вхождение нашего государства в мировое сообщество сделало иностранный язык реально востребованным государством, обществом и личностью. Иностранный язык помогает решить многие задачи, стоящие сейчас перед системой образования, то есть реализовать идеи многоуровности, вариативности и непрерывности системы подготовки квалифицированных кадров.

Подготовка специалиста в области физической культуры и спорта подразумевает всестороннее развитие личности, которое осуществляется посредством многих дисциплин, в том числе и иностранного языка. Владение иностранным языком является обязательным компонентом в подготовке конкурентоспособного специалиста в области физической культуры, спорта и адаптивной физической культуры. Иностранный язык помогает решить многие задачи, стоящие сейчас перед системой образования, то есть реализовать идеи многоуровности, вариативности и непрерывности системы подготовки квалифицированных кадров.

Знание иностранного языка дает возможность спортсменам любого уровня общаться со своими сверстниками из других стран и знакомиться с достижениями специалистов. Тренер, выезжая с воспитанниками на соревнования высокого уровня, обязательно должен знать иностранный язык для полноценного общения как с коллегами, так и в социуме. Общение может происходить в официальной и неофициальной формах, в ходе индивидуальных и групповых контактов: в виде бесед с иностранными коллегами, выступлений на совещаниях и конференциях, при обсуждении различных проектов, составлении протоколов, написании деловых писем.

Поэтому особую актуальность приобретает умение правильно составить предложение, выразить мысль и правильно употребить полученные знания.

В связи с вышесказанным методическая разработка «Грамматика английского языка», предполагает помочь обучающимся специальностей 49.02.01 Физическая культура и 49.02.02 Адаптивная физическая культура овладеть навыками общения на английском языке.

## Времена группы Perfect

Времена группы Perfect выражают действия, которые уже завершены до определенного момента в прошлом, будущем или настоящем.

В данную группу входят следующие времена:

- Present Perfect
- Past Perfect
- Future Perfect

В образовании форм глаголов участвует вспомогательный глагол *to have* и третья форма смыслового глагола (причастия II). Вспомогательный глагол выражает нужное время, а также участвует в образовании вопросительной и отрицательной формы.

### Present Perfect

Об особенностях употребления уже поговорили. Маленький нюанс: как правило, действие в *Present Perfect* имеет связь с настоящим.

Переводится обычно прошедшим временем с глаголом в совершенной форме.

• Маркеры:

**already, just, yet, lately, of late, recently, ever, never, today, this week/month/year.**

• Утвердительная форма: *have(has)+глагол с окончанием –ed* (или 3 форма глаголов)  
для неправильных

*We have never been there. She has watched this film today.*

• Отрицательная форма: то же самое, только после *have/has* ставится **not**.  
*They haven't read the book.*

• Вопросительная форма: подлежащее и *have/has* меняются местами.  
*Have you ever seen him?*

## EXERCISES

### 1. Дополните предложения правильной формой Present Perfect.

1. I know who your boss is. I (work) for him.
2. Look! Somebody already (broke) the tree.
3. Mary (go) to Moscow, but she'll be back next Monday at the latest.
4. Andy is in hospital now. He (have) a bad crash.
5. Jane is crying. She (hurt) her knee.

### 2. Поставьте глаголы в скобках в Present Perfect.

1. He (finish) training.
2. She (score) twenty points in the match.
3. We (watch) all the Champions League matches this season.
4. That's amazing! She (run) fifteen kilometers this morning!
5. She (buy) some really nice rollerblades!

6. Oh, no! I (lose) my money!
7. My mum (write) shopping list. It's on the kitchen table.
8. Dad, you (eat) my biscuit!
9. I'm tired. I (watch) three X-Files videos.
10. Hurry up! They (start) the film!
11. Mary (study) hard this year, so she'll pass her exams.
12. Oh no! She (drop) the plate!
13. The garden is very green. It (rain) a lot this month.
14. These are my favourite trousers. I (have) them for five years.
15. Tom's my best friend. I (know) him for three years.
16. They (live) in Miami for two years.
17. Jo has earache. He (have) it since 7 o'clock.
18. Brad (live) in Chicago since 1998.

### 3. Поставьте глаголы в скобках в Present Perfect negative.

1. I (not clean) my football boots.
2. They (not start) their meal.
3. I (not do) my homework.
4. He (not win) all his matches this year.
5. My brother and I (not see) any films this week.
6. It's my birthday party today. I (not invite) many people.
7. He (not wash) his hands. They're very dirty.
8. Mum's really angry. We (not tidy) our room!
9. I can't play with my friends this evening. I (not finish) my homework.
10. I (not visit) New York for three years.
11. Where's Alison? We (not see) her since yesterday.
12. Dad (not take) a holiday since last August.
13. John (not play) the violin since he was school.

### 4. Выберите правильный вариант глагола

1. Last summer we visited / have visited all the interesting places in the region.
2. There are foot prints everywhere! Someone came / has come here!
3. It is an interesting book, I have read / read it.
4. They are not in the city, they moved / have moved to the country for the summer.
5. Mr Brown has changed / changed his job last year.
6. When did you go / have you gone to France?
7. I never watched / have never watched this film.
8. They watched / have watched an interesting movie a week ago.
9. Last winter she has sold / sold her flat and went / have gone to live abroad.
10. She broke / has broken her leg in the childhood.

## 5. Поставьте глагол в скобках в нужную форму (Past Simple, Present Perfect)

1. Mary (finish) school 10 years ago.
2. He (write) a letter and now he is going to send it.
3. Last weekend they (go) to the sea.
4. When you (come)?
5. I (not decide) yet where to go this weekend.
6. John (leave) his bag in the library last Monday.
7. Harry and Jane (buy) new TV set and now are enjoying a film.
8. His grandfather (die) when he was a child.
9. Clara (be) never abroad.
10. John (not arrive) yet.

### Past Perfect

Употребляется для обозначения действия, которое уже завершилось к определенному моменту в ПРОШЛОМ. Например, когда Вася приехал, Маша уже все деньги истратила. Вася приехал в Past Simple, а Машино безобразие произошло в Past Perfect.

• Маркеры:

**after, when, by 3 p.m. yesterday, by that time, never ... before, no sooner ... than, hardly ... when.**

• Утвердительная форма: had+глагол с окончанием –ed (или 3 форма неправильного глагола).

He didn't drink anything at the party because he had drunk some vodka at home.

• Отрицательная форма: had + not + глагол в 3 форме.  
We hadn't read it before his visit yesterday.

• Вопросительная форма: используется все та же инверсия: т.е. на первом месте - вспомогательный глагол, потом – подлежащее, а потом – основной глагол.

Had you watched it when they came?

### EXERCISES

#### 1. Вставьте глаголы в Past Perfect.

1. I ... (to have) breakfast before I went to school.
2. He went to meet his friends after he ... (to do) his homework.
3. By 8 o'clock the rain ... (to stop).
4. Alice was late because she ... (to miss) the bus.
5. She went to the post-office after she ... (to write) the letter.
6. He ... (to work) at the factory before he entered the college.
7. He got a bad mark for his test because he ... (to make) a lot of mistakes in it.
8. I went to bed after I ... (to finish) reading the book.
9. The child ... (to fall) asleep before the parents came home.
10. They ... (to marry) before they bought this house.

**2.Используйте Past Perfect предложенных глаголов, чтобы дополнить предложения.)**

*to leave, to go, to die, to see, to live, to fly*

1. I didn't read the text in class because I ... my book at home.
2. The children didn't want to go to the cinema because they ... already ... the film.
3. Kate wasn't at home last week because she ... to visit her uncle.
4. Linda never knew her father because he ... before she was born.
5. I was excited when the plane took off because I... never ... before.
6. My grandfather was always afraid of animals because he ... never ... in the country.

**3.Вставьте глаголы в PastPerfect.**

1. Jill was afraid she (forget) her key at home, but she found it in her handbag.
2. Dad wasn't at home when I came back. He (go) out twenty minutes before.
3. I wasn't hungry because I (just/have) breakfast.
4. Peter saw an urgent message on his table. Somebody (leave) it the day before.
5. I apologized I (not/phone) her.
6. He told me that he (come back) a fortnight before.
7. I knew him at once though I (meet) him many years before.
8. We spent the night in Klin, a town we (often/hear of) but (never/see).
9. They couldn't believe he (give up) his job in the bank. He (make) a good living there.
10. Mr. Jackson said that he ( already/buy) everything for lunch.
11. Alice asked her brother where he (arrange) to meet his friends.
12. We had no car at that time because we (sell) our old one.
13. They (finish) painting the ceiling by two o'clock.

**4. Объедините два предложения в одно, используя before, as soon as, after.**

Example/Пример

*They had lived in the country. They moved to the city.*

*They had lived in the country before they moved to the city.*

1. He had finished school. He went to a camp.
2. She had phoned her friend. She went to meet her.
3. I read the book. I had seen the film.
4. I had cleaned my room. I invited my friends home.
5. He entered the university. He had finished school.
6. He told me about his impressions. He had returned from his journey.
7. He was unhappy. He had got bad news.
8. I had finished the text. I handed in my exercise-book.

**5.Вставьте глаголы в Past Simple or Past Perfect.**

1. When Lisa (arrive) at the airport she (discover) she (forget) her passport.



2. After visiting the library Nelly (buy) some milk and (go) home.
3. Zoe (open) her handbag and (find) out that she (forget) her credit card.
4. They (get) home to find that somebody (break) into their house.
5. Lisa (know) her husband for two years when they (get) married.
6. Jillian (be) very pleased to see that Jack (clean) the kitchen.
7. When Neil (arrive) at the party he (learn) that Judith (just / leave).
8. Bill (feel) sick last night because he (eat) too many cakes at the party.
9. First I (tidy) the flat, then I (sit) down and (have) a cup of tea.
10. When Molly (open) the curtains she (see) that the ground (be) white.

### 6. Найдите и исправьте ошибки в употреблении времен.

1. My sister Molly lived in London before she had Moved to New Zealand.
2. After Nick ate the sandwiches, he drank some juice.
3. Nick had eaten all the sandwiches, had drunk all the juice and had gone to work.
4. As Neil had missed the bus, he walked home.
5. Sandy just started to watch TV when the phone rang.

### Future Perfect

Как вы уже догадались, оно обозначает действие, которое завершится до или к определенному моменту в будущем. Например, к 1 мая я похудею на 10 кг. Если вы используете в этом случае просто Future Simple, то предложение будет звучать так: к 1 мая я худею на 10 кг. Согласитесь, в первом варианте звучит убедительнее.

• Маркеры:

**by the year 2012, before, tomorrow by 7 p.m.**

• Утвердительная форма: will have+глагол в 3 форме.  
You will have finished before 6 p.m.

• Отрицательная форма: will have + not + глагол в 3 форме.  
He won't have passed the exams by the year 2014.

• Вопросительная форма: подлежащее и have/has меняются местами.  
Will she have been ready by 10 p.m.?

### EXERCISES

**1. Раскройте скобки и поставьте глагол в форму Future Perfect Tense. Обратите внимание на отрицательные и вопросительные предложения.**

1. By the end of the spring we ... (do) five exams
2. You ... (eat) something by the time the bus arrives
3. By the time he is 30 years old he ... (make) his first million of dollars.
4. Our plane ... (not land) by 9 o'clock.
5. Your favourite programme already ... (start) by the time we come home
6. I'm afraid Max ... (not receive) my parcel by Christmas.
7. They ... (write down) all the exercises by the end of the lesson?

8. Next year Brad and Angelina ... (be married) for 25 years
9. I think she ... (not finish) her essay by Wednesday.
10. The workers ... (build) the swimming-pool by next autumn?

## **2. Раскройте скобки и поставьте глагол в форму Future Perfect Tense**

1. We are late. When we get to the stadium the performance (already/to start).
2. Jane is travelling in different countries. By the end of the week she (to visit) 150 countries.
3. By 8.30 tomorrow evening she (already/to leave) the office.
4. Next spring they (to be) married for 25 years.
5. They (to finish) the meeting by 5 p.m. in the evening.

## **3. Раскройте скобки и поставьте глагол в форму Future Perfect Tense.**

1. —What are you going to do tomorrow at 8 p.m.?  
— I (to watch) football game. But it (to finish) by 9 p.m.
2. —The guests will come at 7.30 o'clock.  
— Don't worry. I (to clean) the house before you come back.
3. By the time he is 28 Robert hopes that he (to travel) the world.
4. Ted believes that he (to open) his own art gallery by the end of the summer.
5. Jack thinks that he (to build) a new apartment by the time his daughter is 3 years old.
6. Lorry is sure that by the end of the month she (to write) the first chapter of her new book.

## **4. Раскройте скобки и поставьте глагол в форму Future Perfect или в Future Simple**

1. This time next month I (have)... a rest in Florida.
2. She (wait)... for you if you come out.
3. I am going to stay outdoors tomorrow because my brother (practise) ... the piano all day.
4. They (have)... an English exam at 10 a.m. in the room 31.
5. I've bought a new book and I (read) ... it the whole evening tonight.
6. We (revise) ... this material the whole month as a preparation for the exam.
7. When the taxi comes they ... still... (pack), I think.
8. Night after night she (sit)... in that empty room all alone.
9. Be careful. They ... (watch) you all the time.
10. Peter is very busy. Peter (fix)... his car the whole morning.
11. What... you ... (do) at seven tomorrow? May I come to see you?
12. It (get)... dark in an hour or so. Let's come back home.
13. He doesn't want to retire. I think he ... still (work)... when he is eighty.
14. She is ill. She (stay)... in bed for the next week.
15. Stella (watch)... TV all day long again.

### **5. Поставьте глаголы в нужной форме Future Continuous или Future Perfect.**

1. We are late and the lesson ... (start) by the time of our arrival.
2. Call me after seven; we ... (finish) dinner by then.
3. Tomorrow afternoon we are going to the sport club, so at four o'clock we ... (play) tennis.
4. Bob can't spend money, he only wastes it, he ... (spend) all his money before the end of the holiday.
5. By the time he reaches the station his mother... (get) off the train.
6. Do you think he ... still... (do) the same job in five years?
7. If you want to meet me you can do it because I ... (stay) at this hotel until Friday.
8. I hope they ... (mend) the road by the beginning of winter.
9. ... you ... (pass) the post office on your way home?
10. Next year they ... (be) married for 25 years.
11. We can't meet at seven tonight, I... (work).
12. We are late. The film ... (already start) by the time we get to the cinema.

### **6. Поставьте глаголы в нужной форме: the Future Perfect, the Future Simple or the Present Simple Tense**

1. I ... (hope) when I ... (come) back, you ... (finish) your homework.
2. You ... (be) late. By the time you ... (get) there they ... (eat) everything up.
3. Too many people ... (fall) ill every day. I'm afraid by the end of the month the epidemic ... (spread) here.
4. These batteries ... (run) out in two days. Don't forget to charge them.
5. Your watch ... (be) slow. We ... (be) late! The party ... (begin) by the time we ... (come).
6. The house is very old. They ... (demolish) it by the time you ... (come) to our city again, I think.
7. Tornadoes ... (speed) through the island every year. By the end of the season they... (damage) many buildings and ... (injure) and ... (kill) many people.
8. By that time you ... (go) crazy or ... (forget) it all.

### **Страдательный залог**

Когда в центре внимания говорящего находится лицо или предмет, который подвергается действию, или когда нет необходимости упоминать лицо, совершающее действие, употребляется страдательный оборот. В этом случае глагол стоит в страдательном залоге.

1. The USA is washed by the Atlantic and Pacific oceans.
2. This question was discussed at the meeting.
3. These poems were written in 1816.

Страдательный залог образуется с помощью вспомогательного глагола to be и третьей основной формы смыслового глагола (Past Participle).

Временные формы страдательного залога употребляются согласно тем же правилам, что и соответствующие им временные формы действительного залога.

## Present Simple Passive

Present Simple Passive образуется при помощи вспомогательного глагола *to be* в Present Simple и третьей основной формы смыслового глагола.

Оно употребляется для выражения обычного постоянного действия.

*I am always invited to the meetings of the English Club.*

Вопросительная форма Present Indefinite Passive образуется путем постановки вспомогательного глагола перед подлежащим.

*Is English taught in all classes in your school?*

В вопросах к подлежащему порядок слов не изменяется.

*Who is invited to these festival?*

В отрицательной форме частица *not* ставится после вспомогательного глагола.

*This road is not used very often.*

## EXERCISES

### 1. Поставьте глаголы в скобках в Present Simple Passive.

1. Bread (to eat) every day.
2. Such films (to show) to children and grown-ups.
3. Many interesting games always (to play) at our PT lessons.
4. We often (to invite) to a concert.
5. Hockey (to play) in winter.
6. Mushrooms (to gather) in autumn.
7. Flowers (to sell) in shops and in the streets.
8. Mobile phones (to use) by millions of people.
9. When (to celebrate) Christmas in England?
10. A lot of animals (to kill) every year.

### 2. Поставьте глаголы в скобках в Present Simple Passive.

1. The postbox (to empty) every day.
2. The stamps (to postmark) at the post office.
3. The letters (to sort) into the different towns.
4. The mail (to load) into the train.
5. The mailbags (to unload) after their journey.
6. The bags (to take) to the post office.
7. The letters (to sort) into the different streets.
8. The letters (to deliver).

### 3. Составьте из слов предложение.

1. in a lot of schools / are / used / Computers
2. of plastic / made / are / CDs
3. seen / The information / on a screen / can be
4. are / very quickly / The answers / calculated
5. played / The game / is / on a computer

6. with a modem / are / sent / E-mails
7. is / on a disk / Information / stored
8. sent / Text messages / are / using mobile phones
9. to get information / used / is / The Internet

#### 4. Выберите правильную форму глагола.

1. I ... (like / am liked) this place.
2. What books by Charles Dickens ... (translated / are translated) into Belarussian?
3. Who ... (protects / is protected) animals?
4. This city ... (is visited / visited) by many people.
5. Who ... (gives / is given) bad marks in your class?
6. Our house ... (made / is made) of wood.
7. Our holiday ... (is begun / begins) next week.
8. Pupils ... (are given / give) textbooks by the teacher.
9. The holiday ... (celebrated / is celebrated) every year.

### Past Simple Passive

Past Simple Passive образуется при помощи вспомогательного глагола *to be* в Past Indefinite и третьей основной формы смыслового глагола.

Оно обозначает действия, происходящие в какой-то период в прошлом и не связанные с моментом речи.

*The exhibition was opened before Victory Day.*

*We were given a new time-table.*

В вопросительной форме страдательного залога вспомогательный глагол ставится перед подлежащим.

*When was this monument built?*

В вопросах к подлежащему порядок слов не изменяется.

*What was brought to you?*

В отрицательной форме частица *not* ставится после вспомогательного глагола.

*We were not told that he was ill.*

### EXERCISES

#### 1. Переведите предложения в страдательном залоге с английского на русский:

1. This story was written by my brother.
2. He was surprised at my unexpected arrival.
3. We were told the news yesterday.
4. The play was enjoyed by everybody.
5. The lecture was followed by a long discussion.

## 2. Употребите глаголы в скобках в Past Simple Passive.

1. The postbox (to empty) yesterday.
2. The stamps (to postmark) at the post office.
3. The letters (to sort) into the different towns.
4. The mail (to load) into the train.
5. The mailbags (to unload) after their journey.
6. The bags (to take) to the post office.
7. The letters (to sort) into the different streets
8. The letters (to deliver).

## 3. Выберите правильную форму глагола.

1. Somebody (left/was left) the light in the kitchen.
2. The little girl (taught/was taught) by mother how to behave.
3. Their friend (recommended/was recommended) a new doctor to them.
4. The overture (played/was played) beautifully by the orchestra.
5. A taxi (didn't send/wasn't sent) for some minutes ago.

## Future Simple Passive

Future Simple Passive образуется при помощи вспомогательного глагола to be в Future Simple и третьей формы смыслового глагола. Оно показывает, что действие совершится в будущем.

*This question will be discussed at the next meeting.*

*We shall be shown a new film after the meeting.*

Вопросительная форма Future Indefinite Passive образуется путем постановки первого вспомогательного глагола перед подлежащим.

*When will this work be done?*

В отрицательной форме частица not ставится после первого вспомогательного глагола.

*The exhibition will not be opened till Thursday.*

### Примечание:

Глаголы в страдательном залоге могут употребляться с модальными глаголами **can, may, must**.

*This book can be bought at any bookshop.*

*This work must be done as soon as possible.*

*The letter may be received tomorrow.*

## EXERCISES

### 1. Употребите глаголы в Future Simple Passive.

2. Nick (to send) to Moscow next week.
3. I (to ask) at the lesson tomorrow.

4. Many houses (to build) in Moscow town next year.
5. This work (to do) tomorrow.
6. This bone (to give) to my dog tomorrow.
7. His new book (to finish) next year.
8. His fax (to send) tomorrow.
9. Tents (put up) by the boys.
10. The windows (to clean) tomorrow.

## 2. Употребите глаголы в Future Simple Passive

1. The postbox (**to empty**) tomorrow.
2. The stamps (**to postmark**) at the post office.
3. The letters (**to sort**) into the different towns.
4. The mail (**to load**) into the train.
5. The mailbags (**to unload**) after their journey.
6. The bags (**to take**) to the post office.
7. The letters (**to sort**) into the different streets.
8. The letters (**to deliver**).

## 3. Выберите правильную форму глагола.

1. Tomorrow we (will inform/will be informed) of our results at the exam.
2. The dinner (will cook/will be cooked) in an hour.
3. Coffee and ice-cream (will serve/will be served) for dessert.
4. Many guests (to invite/will be invited) to my birthday next Sunday.
5. They (won't open/won't be opened) the new theatre next month.

## 4. Напишите вопросы.

1. This house will be sold soon. (When?)
2. A lot of money will be spent on rebuilding the house. (How much money?)
3. All the winners will be given prizes. (What prizes?)
4. The parents will be sent invitations to the party. (Why?)
5. The tickets will be bought for all of us. (When?)
6. The pupils will be met at the station. (By whom?)
7. They will be shown a lot of places of interest. (What places?)
8. Then they will be taken for lunch? (Where?)

## 5. Вставьте глаголы в Past Active или Passive Voice.

1. The Cape of Good Hope ... (discovered / was discovered) by Bartolomeo Dias.
2. The clown ... (entertained / was entertained) the public.
3. We ... (arrived/ were arrived) at the camp in time.
4. Many experiments ... (did/ were done) under water.
5. Many people ... (invited / were invited) to the festival.

- 6.They ... (discussed / were discussed) many exciting things.
- 7.I ... (learnt / was learnt) many interesting things in this unit.
- 8.What artist ... (painted / was painted) this picture?

### The Present Continuous Passive

**The Present Continuous Passive** – пассивный залог в настоящем длительном времени. Для того чтобы построить эту конструкцию, глагол *to be* нужно поставить в *Present Continuous*. Смысловый глагол останется неизменным в третьей форме.

*В разговорном английском языке, как правило, употребляются сокращенные формы утвердительных и отрицательных высказ*

*Пример:*

The book **is being read**.

Pancakes **are being made** in the kitchen.

She **is being hugged** by her brother.

*Обратите внимание, что **the Present Continuous Passive** выражает действие, которое находится в развитии в момент речи.*

Для того чтобы построить **вопросительное высказывание**, необходимо глагол *to be* (его нужную форму) вынести на первое место в предложении.

*Пример:*

**Is the book being read?**

**Are pancakes being cooked** in the kitchen?

**Is she being hugged** by her brother?

Для того чтобы построить **отрицательную конструкцию**, мы добавим отрицательную частицу **not** к вспомогательному глаголу *to be*, а точнее – к его форме.

*Пример:*

The book **isn't being read**.

The pancakes **aren't being cooked** in the kitchen.

She **isn't being hugged** by her brother.

### EXERCISES

#### 1. Поставьте глаголы в Present Continuous Passive.

1. It's a success. This film ... (speak) about.
2. Don't enter the room. The floor ... (paint) there.
3. Turn left. The road ... (repair) now.
4. The new machines ... (test) in the laboratory now.
5. The smell is delicious. My favourite fish ... (cook) at the kitchen.
6. It's so noisy. The important problems ... (discuss) now.
7. You can't take the documents. They ... still (type).
8. The old church ... (restore) this month.
9. Where ... the meeting ... (hold) now?
10. Who ... (exam) in this room now?



## Past Continuous Passive Voice.

Чтобы образовать длительное прошедшее время пассивного залога в английском языке, необходимо использовать следующую схему:

**to be + being + V-3**

Помним, что глагол **to be** преобразовывается в нужную форму. В прошедшем времени это – **was** (единственное число) или **were** (множественное число).

Такие предложения в русском языке звучат следующим образом:

*Чай вчера разносили на конференции.*

*Бумаги подписывались вчера в течение получаса.*

*Совещание вчера проводилось в течение трех часов.*

То есть, **Past Continuous Passive Voice** означает, что действие совершалось над предметом в прошлом в течение длительного времени.

Например:

*Совещание проводили в течение трех часов. – The conference was being conducted for 3 hours.*

*Песни пели на концерте в течение всего вечера. – The songs were being sung the whole evening.*

*Айфоны вчера продавались в течение всего дня. – iPhones were being sold during the whole day.*

Отрицание в прошедшем длительном времени пассивного залога (Past Continuous Passive Voice) составляется по следующей схеме:

**be (was/were) + not + being + V-3.**

*Айфоны вчера НЕ продавались в течение всего дня. – iPhones were not being sold during the whole day.*

Чтобы в форме **Past Continuous Passive Voice** задать вопрос, нужно глагол **was/were** перенести в начало предложения:

**was/were + существительное + being + V-3.**

*Айфоны вчера продавались в течение всего дня? – Were iphones being sold during the whole day?*

## EXERCISES

### 1. Переведите с русского на английский.

1. A new house was being built when I came to Minsk.
2. This article was being typed all day long.
3. The cake was being cooked when the guests came.
4. The flowers were being watered at 8 o'clock in the morning.
5. The car was being driven from 3 to 5 o'clock.

### 2. Напишите предложения в пассивной форме.

1. The pupils were writing a control paper at the lesson.
2. They were discussing an important question at four yesterday.

3. Ann was feeding her pet at 6 o'clock yesterday.
4. They were publishing the newspaper at that moment.
5. My father was repairing the motorcycle at 8 o'clock.

### 3. Выберите нужную форму глагола.

1. She (was being listened/was listening) to attentively by everyone.
2. When I came home, Jim (was being cleaned/was cleaning) his room.
3. The professor (wasn't reading/wasn't being read) his lecture for three hours.
4. Special preparations (were making/were being made) for the last game.
5. A very important meeting (was holding/was being held) with the representatives of this firm yesterday in the evening.

### 4. Переведите предложения на английский язык.

1. Статью вчера переводили с 4 до 5 вечера.
2. Завтрак готовили в 7 часов утра.
3. Тест писали в течение двух часов вчера.
4. Машину вчера вела твоя сестра?
5. Ребята играли в футбол весь день вчера.

## Present Perfect Passive

Present Perfect Passive образуется при помощи вспомогательного глагола *to be* в Present Perfect и третьей основной формы смыслового глагола. Оно показывает, что действие уже совершено и результат его налицо.

*The work has just been finished.*

*I have been asked to come earlier.*

Вопросительная форма Present Perfect Passive образуется путем постановки первого вспомогательного глагола перед подлежащим.

*Has the house been built yet?*

В отрицательной форме частица *not* ставится после первого вспомогательного глагола.

*He has not been seen by anybody.*

## EXERCISES

### 1. Напишите предложения в Present Perfect Passive.

1. I can't find my car. I think it... (steal).
2. The fridge is empty. All food ... (eat).
3. Ann is happy. Her work ... (praise).
4. The house looks quite new. It... (rebuild) recently.
5. Many new schools ... (open) lately in our city.
6. The article ... already ... (translate) for you.

7. I'm so glad. My dog ... just... (find).
8. ... you ever ... (interview) on TV?
9. The doctor ... just... (send) for.
10. We are waiting for you. The dinner ... already ... (serve).

### **Past Perfect Tense**

Вне контекста, изолированно, Past Perfect Tense никогда не встречается.

Само наличие этого времени прямо указывает на то, что где-то тут, поблизости, прячется другое событие, которое произошло после. Past Perfect — раньше, а еще что-то — позже, но тоже в прошлом.

Утвердительная форма Past Perfect Passive образуется, как и формы других времен страдательном залоге, – при помощи глагола to be. Так как при образовании времени Past Perfect Tense используется Participle II (глагол 3 формы), то и глагол to be употребляется в 3 форме, то есть been. Рассмотрим подробнее на примерах:

I had been taken to the school. – Меня отводили в школу.

Отрицательная форма образуется при помощи частицы not, которая употребляется после вспомогательного глагола had.

I hadn't been taken to school. – Меня не отводили в школу.

Если нужно задать вопрос, то вспомогательный глагол ставится начале предложения.

Had I been taken to school? – Меня отводили в школу?

### **EXERCISES**

#### **1. Раскройте скобки в Past Perfect Passive (страдательный залог).**

1. The exercise (to do) by 10 o'clock yesterday
2. The books (not to write) before he came
3. Why the letter (to return)?
4. The car (to repair)
5. The vegetables (not to buy)
6. Why the text (to erase)?
7. The glass (to break)
8. He (not to call)
9. The dog (to photograph)?
10. The picture (to paint)
11. He (not to imprison)
12. The project (to finish)?
13. The water (to drink)
14. The mail (not to receive)
15. The sculpture (to sell)?

**2. Раскройте скобки, следуя правилам построения предложений в Past Perfect в страдательном залоге:**

1. The car (to fix) by 10 yesterday
2. The flowers (not to bring) before he (to come)
3. The book (to purchase) before she (to call)?
4. The book (to read) by midday
5. The book (not to write) before midnight
6. Dinner (to eat) before they (to show up)?

**EXERCISES**  
**(Passive Voice)**

**1. Переведите предложения .**

1. Running competitions were held in ancient times. And they are still held.
2. The first Tour de France cycling race was held in 1926.
3. Goodwill Games were organized for the first time in 1984.
4. Tennis was played a thousand years ago.
5. The first modern Olympic Games took place a century ago. And they are still held.
6. For the first time the professional golf contest — the Ryder Cup — was held in 1927. Since that time it is organized every year.
7. Rugby was started as a game in the 19th century.
8. The London Marathon was first run in 1981.

**2. Напишите предложения в страдательном залоге.**

1. He stole a lot of money from the shop.
2. By six o'clock they had finished the work.
3. At twelve o'clock the workers were loading the trucks.
4. We send our daughter to rest in the south every year.
5. They will show this film on TV.

**3. Выберите правильный ответ.**

1. A new supermarket ( will build / will be built ) next year.
2. A cinema is a place where films ( show / are shown).
3. Football ( plays / is played ) in every college of England.
4. Everybody ( listened / was listened ) the lecture with great attention.
5. The book ( wrote / was written ) by Hardy.
6. The house ( bought / was bought ) by a pop star.
7. I ( arrived / was arrived ) last Friday.
8. The Russia ( wash / is washed ) by three oceans.
9. A famous architect ( built / was built ) the bridge.
10. The students ( translate / are translated ) every week.

#### 4. Употребите глагол в соответствующей форме страдательного залога.

1. This singer is very popular. She ( to like ) by many young people.
2. The country ( to wash ) by the North Sea in the east.
3. This work ( to do ) tomorrow.
4. He ( to ask ) at the lesson yesterday .
5. A new globe ( to bring ) into the classroom last week.
6. Much attention ... by the Olympic Games. (to attract)
7. The Summer Games ... the same year with the Winter Games.(to hold)
8. The Games ... open by the head of state of the host country. (to declare)
9. Hundreds of doves ... into the air as a symbol of peace.(to release)
10. The flame ... burning until the end of the Games.(to keep)
11. The torch ... by the final runner into the stadium. (to carry)

#### 5. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Present, Past или Future Simple Passive.

1. My question **(to answer)** yesterday.
2. Hockey **(to play)** in winter.
3. Mushrooms **(to gather)** in autumn.
4. Many houses **(to burn)** during the Great Fire of London.
5. His new book **(to finish)** next year.
6. Flowers **(to sell)** in shops and in the streets.
7. St. Petersburg **(to found)** in 1703.
8. Bread **(to eat)** every day.
9. The letter **(to receive)** yesterday.
10. Nick **(to send)** to Moscow next week.
11. I **(to ask)** at the lesson yesterday.
12. I **(to give)** a very interesting book at the library last Friday.
13. Many houses **(to build)** in our town every year.
14. This work **(to do)** tomorrow.
15. This text **(to translate)** at the last lesson.
16. These trees **(to plant)** last autumn.
17. Many interesting games always **(to play)** at our PT lessons.
18. This bone **(to give)** to my dog tomorrow.
19. We **(to invite)** to a concert last Saturday.
20. Lost time never **(to find)** again.
21. Rome **(not to build)** in a day.

#### 6. Поставьте глаголы в правильной форме.

1. It's a big factory. Five hundred people **are employed** (employ) there.
2. Water \_\_\_ (cover) most of the Earth's surface.
3. Most of the Earth's surface \_\_\_ (cover) by water.
4. The park gates \_\_\_ (lock) at 6.30 p.m. every evening.
5. The letter \_\_\_ (post) a week ago and it \_\_\_ (arrive) yesterday.

6. The boat \_\_\_ (sink) quickly but fortunately everybody \_\_\_ (rescue).
7. Jacob's parents \_\_\_ (die) when he was very young. He and his sister \_\_\_ (bring) up by their grandparents.
8. I was born in London but I \_\_\_ (grow) up in the north of England.
9. While I was on holiday, my camera \_\_\_ (steal) from my hotel room.
10. While I was on holiday, my camera \_\_\_ (disappear) from my hotel room.
11. Why \_\_\_ (Emily / resign) from her job? Didn't she?
12. Why \_\_\_ (Joshua / sack) from his job? What did he do wrong?
13. The company is not independent. It \_\_\_ (own) by a much larger company.
14. I saw an accident last night. Somebody \_\_\_ (call) an ambulance but nobody \_\_\_ (injure) so the ambulance \_\_\_ (not / need).
15. Where \_\_\_ (these) photographs / take)? In London? \_\_\_ (you / take) them?

### 6. Раскройте скобки, употребляя глаголы в Active Voice или Passive Voice.

1. Nobody **(to see)** him yesterday.
2. The telegram **(to receive)** tomorrow.
3. He **(to give)** me this book next week.
4. The answer to this question can **(to find)** in the encyclopedia.
5. We **(to show)** the historical monuments of the capital to the delegation tomorrow.
6. You can **(to find)** interesting information about the life in the USA in this book.
7. Budapest **(to divide)** by the Danube into two parts: Buda and Pest.
8. Yuri Dolgoruki **(to found)** Moscow in 1147.
9. Moscow University **(to found)** by Lomonosov.
10. We **(to call)** Zhukovski the father of Russian aviation

## ТЕСТЫ

### *ТЕСТ №1*

*Рекомендации по выполнению лексико-грамматического теста:* разработано три варианта, состоящих из 27 заданий, включающих перечисленный выше грамматический материал. Задания с 1 по 20 предполагают выбор правильных ответов, задания с 21 по 24 предполагает соотносить английские слова с их переводом (1 балл за правильное соотношение), задания с 25 по 27 предполагают написание правильной формы глагола и оцениваются в 2 балла. Всего за тест 42 балла.

### *Критерии оценки теста*

Критерии оценки производятся по шкале (из общего числа правильных ответов)

Из 1 варианта контрольной работы 42 балла

«5» - до 38 баллов

«4» -от 29 до 37 баллов

«3»- от 28 до 21 балла

«2» - 22 и менее баллов.

## Вариант I

### Выберите правильный ответ

1. Don't worry about your letter. I ... it the day before yesterday.
  1. send
  2. has sent
  3. have sent
  4. sent
2. Julia ... all the housework by 3 o'clock and we'll go for a walk.
  1. finish
  2. will finish
  3. will have finished
  4. has finished
3. That morning she went out after she ... somebody.
  1. phone
  2. will have phoned
  3. has phoned
  4. had phoned
4. My sister and her husband ... married since last Christmas.
  1. have been
  2. had been
  3. were
  4. are
5. Children ... the Christmas tree before Father Frost came.
  1. decorated
  2. have decorated
  3. had decorated
  4. was decorating
6. How often ... you ... the room?
  1. did you clean
  2. do you clean
  3. have you cleaned
  4. will you clean
7. Before we had a holiday, we ... our exams.
  1. have taken
  2. shall take
  3. take
  4. had taken
8. How often ... to the train?
  1. did you go
  2. have you gone
  3. do you go
  4. had you gone

9. Before we visited our friends, we ... their letter.
1. have received
  2. shall receive
  3. receive
  4. had received
10. Usually I ... at 7 o'clock.
1. will get up
  2. gets up
  3. is getting up
  4. get up
11. Punctually at 7.30 the alarm clock ...me up every morning.
1. wakes
  2. will have woken
  3. were waking
  4. wake
12. Nina... a birthday cake before Mum came home.
1. made
  2. had made
  3. was making
  4. has made
13. Look! He ... in the garden.
1. is playing
  2. was playng
  3. plays
  4. played
14. He usually ... in the morning.
1. run
  2. is running
  3. are running
  4. runs
15. Выберите правильный вопрос к выделенному слову.  
My mother go to the cinema **on Saturday**.
1. When
  2. Where
  3. Who
  4. How
16. Выберите правильный вопрос к выделенному слову.  
I have got two bottles of milk at home.
1. How many
  2. When
  3. Where
  4. Who
17. Выберите предложение в **Present Simple**.
1. That morning she dressed, phoned and went out.



2. We are playing football.
3. They were cleaning the room.
4. My brother writes the letter

18. Определите время в котором должен быть выражен подчеркнутый глагол.  
*Он уже закончил работу.*

1. Present Simple
2. Past Perfect
3. Present Perfect
4. Past Progressiv

19. Определите время в котором должен быть выражен подчеркнутый глагол.  
*В настоящий момент дети играют во дворе.*

1. Present Simple
2. Past Perfect
3. Present Progressive
4. Past Simple

20. Найдите **неправильное** предложение.

1. We met Mary at the stadium.
2. They did not was ill yesterday.
3. The children play in the garden.
4. His friend was a doctor.

**Соотнесите слова и их значения**

**21.**

- |                      |                   |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| 1. to rule           | a. пересматривать |
| 2. to vote           | b. управлять      |
| 3. to deter-<br>mine | c. голосовать     |
| 4. to examine        | d. определять     |

**22.**

- |                   |                  |
|-------------------|------------------|
| 1. the government | a. ветвь власти  |
| 2. a court        | b. правительство |
| 3. the House      | c. суд           |
| 4. the branch     | d. палата        |

**23.**

- |                   |                      |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| 1. legislative    | a. конституционный   |
| 2. executive      | b. законодательный   |
| 3. governmental   | c. исполнительный    |
| 4. constitutional | d. правительственный |

**24.**Соотнесите предложения с временными формами, в которых они выражены.

- |   |                   |
|---|-------------------|
| 1. Our team had won the game by that time.  | a. Past Simple    |
| 2. I watched basketball match on TV.        | b. Past Perfect   |
| 3. My son has already translated the story. | c. Future Perfect |

4. These men will have participated at the event. d. Present Perfect

**Поставьте глаголы в нужной форме.**

25. Before he won the championship he ... a lot. (train)  
26. I ... the training session by 5 tomorrow. (finish)  
27. I'm happy. We ...just ... the match. (win)

**Вариант II**

**Выберите правильный ответ**

1. I bought a new dress last week, but I ... it jet.  
1. did not wear  
2. do not wear  
3. have not worn  
4. had not worn
2. We were late. The meeting ... an hour before.  
1. start  
2. had started  
3. has started  
4. stared
3. Tomorrow by 10 the girls ... the text.  
1. translated  
2. had translated  
3. will have translated  
4. will translated
4. The children saw a nice kitten when they ... the basket.  
1. opened  
2. open  
3. has opened  
4. had opened
5. They never ... this part of the town.  
1. had visited  
2. has visited  
3. will have visited  
4. visited
6. At 7.30 my mother ... me up every morning.  
1. wakes  
2. were waking  
3. will have woken  
4. has wake
7. Nina ... a birthday cake before Mum came.  
1. make  
2. has made  
3. had made  
4. made

8.They... their wedding anniversary this week.

1. celebrated
2. have celebrated
3. had celebrated
4. celebrate

9.While the girls ... to the music, I was reading my birthday cards

1. danced
2. have danced
3. were dancing
4. are dancing

10.1 ... him at the theatre the other day.

1. see
2. saw
3. will see
4. has seen

11.When I came home, my friends ... already

1. have left
2. were leaving
3. had left
4. has left

12.Yesterday Mark ... me to the theatre.

1. was inviting
2. invited
3. had invited
4. invites

13. Let's go for a walk. It ... now

1. is not raining
2. was not raining
3. has not rained
4. does not rain

14. My brother ... 20 cigarettes a day.

1. Smoke
2. is smoking
3. are smoking
4. smokes

15. Выберите правильное вопросительное слово к выделенному.

Laura is **in her office**.

1. When
2. Where
3. Who
4. How

16. Выберите правильное вопросительное слово к выделенному.

He has got **five** sisters.

1. How many
2. When

3. Where

4. Who

17. Выберите предложение в Past Simple.

1. That morning she dressed, phoned and went out.

2. We are playing football.

3. They were cleaning the room.

4. My brother writes the letter.

18. Определите время в котором должен быть выражен глагол.

*Посмотрите внимательно. Он работает в саду.*

1. Present Simple

2. Past Perfect

3. Present Progressive

4. Past Progressive

19. Определите время в котором должен быть выражен глагол.

Год назад моя сестра закончила институт.

1. Present Simple

2. Past Perfect

3. Present Perfect

4. Past Simple

20. Найдите **неправильное** предложение.

1. We had met Mary at the station.

2. They were ill yesterday.

3. The children play in the garden.

4. His friend did not was a doctor.

**Соотнесите слова и их значения**

**21.**

1. to approve

a. управлять

2. to delay

b. подписывать

3. to rule

c. одобрять

4. to sign

d. определять

**22.**

1. powerful

a. юридический

2. federal

b. могущественный

3. executive

c. федеральный

4. judicial

d. исполнительный

**23.**

1. a bill

a. ветвь власти

2. a king

b. законопроект

3. a law

c. закон

4. a branch

d. король

24. Соотнесите предложения с временными формами, в которых они выражены.

- |  |                           |
|--|---------------------------|
| 1. Kate had won the game by that time.                             | <b>a.</b> Present Perfect |
| 2. They watched football match on TV.                              | <b>b.</b> Future Perfekt  |
| 3. I have already translated the story.                            | <b>c.</b> Past Perfect    |
| 4. The sportsmen will have participated at the event by next week. | <b>d.</b> Past Simple     |

**Поставьте глаголы в нужной форме.**

25. He ... every day before they won the game. (play)

26. By next week ... my work. (write)

27. She ... already ... her old friend. (visit)

### Вариант III

1. The builders ... the house by the end of this month.

1. have finished
2. will have finished
3. will have been finishing
4. has finished

2. Until last week, he ... a motorbike before.

1. had never ridden
2. never had ridden
3. had ridden never
4. has ridden never

3. Isaac Newton ... the first reflecting telescope.

1. is making
2. makes
3. maked
4. made

4. They ... all the housework by 3 o'clock and we'll go for a walk.

1. finish
2. will finish
3. will have finished
4. has finished

5. My brother .... in Alaska.

1. livs
2. living
3. live
4. lives

6. By next week the boys ... the text.

1. translated
2. had translated
3. will have translated
4. will translated

7. That evening he went out after he ... somebody.
1. phone
  2. will have phoned
  3. has phoned
  4. had phoned
8. This time tomorrow I ... lunch.
1. have
  2. will have
  3. am having
  4. will be having
9. My secretary .... the report by 3 yesterday.
1. has typed
  2. typed
  3. has been typing
  4. had typed
10. Juan ... words in the library this morning.
1. has learnt
  2. learnt
  3. had learnt
  4. are learning
11. Yesterday I ... my mother to the theatre.
1. was inviting
  2. invited
  3. had invited
  4. invites
12. Tom... a birthday cake before I came home.
1. made
  2. had made
  3. was making
  4. has made
13. My son usually ... on evenings.
1. run
  2. is running
  3. are running
  4. runs
14. This time last year he \_\_\_\_\_ for his TOEFL exam.
1. was preparing
  2. were preparing
  3. had prepared
  4. prepared
15. Выберите правильное вопросительное слово к выделенному.  
They play football **in the yard**.
1. When
  2. Where
  3. Who

4. How

16. Выберите правильное вопросительное слово к выделенному.

The girls have got **five** friends .

1. How many
2. When
3. Where
4. Who

17. Выберите предложение в Past Simple.

1. That morning she dressed, phoned and went out.
2. We are playing football.
3. They were cleaning the room.
4. My brother writes the letter.

18. Определите время в котором должен быть выражен глагол.

*Он часто работает в саду.*

1. Present Simple
2. Past Perfect
3. Present Progressive
4. Past Progressive

19. Определите время в котором должен быть выражен глагол.

К следующему лету он закончит институт.

1. Present Simple
2. Past Perfect
3. Future Perfect
4. Past Simple

20. Найдите **неправильное** предложение.

1. We was met Mary at the station.
2. They were ill yesterday.
3. The children didn't play in the garden.
4. His friend was a doctor.

**Соотнесите слова и их значения**

21.

- |               |                 |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 1. a branch   | a. монарх       |
| 2. a law      | b. ветвь власти |
| 3. a bill     | c. закон        |
| 4. a mon-arch | d. законопроект |

22.

- |               |                |
|---------------|----------------|
| 1. to appoint | a. голосовать  |
| 2. to vote    | b. управлять   |
| 3. to sign    | c. назначать   |
| 4. to rule    | d. подписывать |

23.

- |                   |                      |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| 1. legislative    | a. избираемый        |
| 2. representative | b. законодательный   |
| 3. executive      | c. представительский |
| 4. elected        | d. исполнительный    |

24 .Соотнесите предложения с временными формами, в которых они выражены.

- |   |                    |
|---|--------------------|
| 1. She had won the game by that time.                         | a. Present Perfect |
| 2. We watched football match on TV.                           | b. Future Perfect  |
| 3. They have already translated the story.                    | c. Past Perfect    |
| 4. The boys will have participated at the event by next week. | d. Past Simple     |

**Поставьте глаголы в нужной форме.**

25. They... every day before they won the game. (train)

26. By next month she... the text. (translate)

27. He ... already ... his old friend. (meet)

## ТЕСТ №2

*Рекомендации по выполнению лексико-грамматического теста:* разработано три варианта, состоящих из 22 заданий, включающих перечисленный выше грамматический материал. В тест также включены материалы по изученным темам (Олимпийские игры) и тексты для чтения. Упражнения предполагают выбор правильных ответов с 1 по 7 задания, установление соответствия в заданиях с 8 по 14, дополнить предложение с 20 по 22.

*Критерии оценки теста*

Критерии оценки производятся по шкале (из общего числа правильных ответов)

До 10% неправильных ответов - оценка «5»

До 30% неправильных ответов - оценка «4»

До 50% неправильных ответов - оценка «3»

Более 50% неправильных ответов - оценка «2»

Из 1 варианта контрольной работы 43 правильных ответа (с 1 по 7 – по 1 баллу за правильный ответ; с 8-14 по 1 баллу за каждое соответствие, с 15 по 22 по 1 баллу), отсюда

«5» - до 39 правильных ответов (т.е. не более 4 ошибок)

«4» - до 30 правильных ответов (т.е. не более 13 ошибок)

«3» - до 22 правильных ответа (т.е. не более 22 ошибок)

«2» - 23 и менее правильных ответов.





- 2) They ... in the swimming pool two days ago.    **B.** will swim  
 3) They ... in the swimming pool at that moment.    **C.** are swimming  
 4) They ... in the swimming pool tomorrow.    **D.** swam

**11. Соотнесите временные формы глаголов с предложениями к которым они относятся.**

- 1) John ... wrestling.    **A.** is practicing  
 2) John ...wrestling at this moment.    **B.** has practiced  
 3) John ...wrestling at the next week.    **C.** practices  
 4) John ...wrestling since 7 years.    **D.** will practice

**12.Соотнесите глаголы с предложениями, к которым они подходят по смыслу.**

- 1) This coach ... our football team.    **A.** skate  
 2) They are going to ... in the skating ring.    **B.** participate  
 3) Sometimes she ... prizes.    **C.** trains  
 4) We ... in competitions.    **D.** has won

**13.Соотнесите глаголы с предложениями, к которым они подходят по смыслу.**

- 1) Jane ... as a coach.    **A.** has driven  
 2) She ... the car for two years.    **B.** went  
 3) My mother always ...morning exercises.    **C.** works  
 4) Her daughter ... in for skiing in the childhood.    **D.** does

**14.Соотнесите события и даты.**

- 1) The Olympic Games were renewed in    **A.** 1989  
 2) Beginning ... Winter Olympics were inc    **B.** 1988  
 3) Only amateur athletes competed in the    **C.**1896  
    Games.  
 4) The Paralympics were first held in Rome    **D.**1926

...

**Прочитайте тексты и соотнесите их с рубриками А-Е, к которым они могут быть отнесены.**

**15.**England coach Sven Goran Eriksson drafted Liverpool midfielder Steven Gerrard into his squad for two vital World Cup qualifiers over the next 10 days.

**Рубрики газет**  
**A.**BUSINESS NEWS

**16.**In a twist to the Pentagon's growing efforts to bolster the defense industry, the U.S. Air Force has devised an ambitious plan to help Boeing, the world's biggest commercial jet producer, sell a version of its latest jumbo military transport plane to private cargo companies.

**B.** REARER'S LETTERS TO MAGAZINE

**17.**I find this measure strange and unreasonable. The dollar-ruble exchange rate has been stable for a long time and

**C.** POLITICAL NEWS

it's not clear why our life is becoming more and more expensive. From one point of view, there is no actual inflation in the country. From the other, the price increase is the first sign

**D.COOK'S CORNER**

**18.** St. Petersburg universities finished first and third in an IBM-sponsored world computer programming championship in Vancouver, Canada, on Saturday.

**E. SPORTS**

**E-BUSINESS**

**19.** The government's pride and joy — a deficit-free budget for 2001 — hasn't turned out to be to everyone's taste.

**III. Дополните предложения, поставив слова в скобках в нужной форме.**

**20.** My husband ... to his boss by the next week. (to speak)

**21.** Jane ... already ... her work. (to finish)

**22.** He ... football by 3 o'clock yesterday. (to play)

**ВАРИАНТ II**

**I. Выбрать правильный ответ**

**1.** Sometimes we ... to the stadium.

1) go

2) went

3) will go

4) are going

**2.** The match ... tomorrow.

1) was

2) were

3) are

4) will be

**3.** I ... by the window when I heard the noise.

1) sit

2) was sitting

3) are sitting

4) were sitting

**4.** We were late. The meeting ... an hour before.

1) started

2) has started

3) had started

4) will start

**5.** The boys ...already the playing football.

1) finish

2) has finished

3) had finished

4) will finished

**Перечислить правильные ответы**

**6.** The oldest universities of Great Britain are ... .

1) University of Oxford

2) University of Cardiff

3) University of London

4) University of Cambridge

**7.** The Sightseeing of Landon are ... .

1) the Tzar- Cannon

2) the National Portrait Gallery

3) Big Ben

4) Buckingham Palace

**II. Установите соответствие**

**8. Соотнесите предложения с временными формами, в которых они выражены.**

- |   |                        |
|---|------------------------|
| 1) The children are playing hockey now.     | A. Future Simple       |
| 2) We watched sport news on TV.             | B. Present Perfect     |
| 3) They has already translated the text.    | C. Present Progressive |
| 4) The sportsmen will compete at the event. | D. Past Simple         |

**9. Соотнесите предложения с временными формами, в которых они выражены.**

- |  |                       |
|--|-----------------------|
| 1) John was playing football, when I saw him.    | A. Past Perfect       |
| 2) He had won the computation by that time.      | B. Future Progressive |
| 3) The boys swim in the river every day.         | C. Past Progressive   |
| 4) I will be reading the text between 14 and 16. | D. Present Simple     |

**10. Соотнесите временные формы глаголов с предложениями к которым они относятся.**

- |   |                    |
|---|--------------------|
| 1) The boys ... volleyball every day.             | A. will be playing |
| 2) The boys ... volleyball yesterday.             | B. had played      |
| 3) The boys ... volleyball at 17 tomorrow.        | C. play            |
| 4) The boys ... volleyball before I went to home. | D. played          |

**11. Соотнесите временные формы глаголов с предложениями к которым они относятся.**

- |   |                |
|---|----------------|
| 1) Jane ... with her sister at this moment. | A. was skating |
| 2) Jane ... with her sister when I saw her. | B. will skate  |
| 3) Jane ... usually with her sister.        | C. is skating  |
| 4) Jane ... with her sister next day.       | D. skates      |

**12. Соотнесите глаголы с предложениями, к которым они подходят по смыслу.**

- |   |                |
|---|----------------|
| 1) The first recorded soccer match ... in 1892.   | A. watch       |
| 2) English people ... often football games on TV. | B. was played  |
| 3) At 6 o'clock I ... for Jennie at the station.  | C. prefers     |
| 4) Helen ... volleyball to basketball.            | D. was waiting |

**13. Соотнесите глаголы с предложениями, к которым они подходят по смыслу.**

- |  |                   |
|--|-------------------|
| 1) He often ... English in class.        | A. trained        |
| 2) They ... yesterday at the gym.        | B. has won        |
| 3) My elder brother ... the competition. | C. will translate |
| 4) I ... the text tomorrow.              | D. speaks         |

**14. Соотнесите части предложений.**

- |   |               |
|---|---------------|
| 1) At the opening ceremony the athletes of Greece march into the stadium... | A. a footrace |
| 2) The athletes of the host country enter...                                | B. in Greece  |
| 3) The first Olympic Games were held  | C. first      |
| 4) Only one athletic event was held in the ancient Olympic.                 | D. last       |



5. Yesterday she ... in the sport centre.

- |               |                |
|---------------|----------------|
| 1) trains     | 2) has trained |
| 3) will train | 4) trained     |

**Перечислить правильные ответы**

6. Great Britain is washed by... .

- |                    |                   |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| 1) the North Sea   | 2) the Irish Sea  |
| 3) the Caspian Sea | 4) the Baltic Sea |

7. The Sightseeing of Great Britain are ... .

- |                     |               |
|---------------------|---------------|
| 1) Edinburgh Castle | 2) Disneyland |
| 3) National Gallery | 4) Big Ben    |

**II. Установите соответствие**

8. Соотнесите предложения с временными формами, в которых они выражены.

- |   |                        |
|---|------------------------|
| 5. The girls are reading books now.             | e. Present Perfect     |
| 6. They watched football match on TV.           | f. Future Simple       |
| 7. I have already translated the story.         | g. Present Progressive |
| 8. The sportsmen will participate at the event. | h. Past Simple         |

9. Соотнесите предложения с временными формами, в которых они выражены.

- |   |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| 1) The boys were watching fish, when he saw them.   | A. Present Simple     |
| 2) Kate had won the game by that time.              | B. Future Progressive |
| 3) The children swim in the river very often.       | C. Past Progressive   |
| 4) He will be writing the letter between 14 and 16. | D. Past Perfect       |

10. Соотнесите временные формы глаголов с предложениями к которым они относятся.

- |  |                       |
|--|-----------------------|
| 1) Alex ... gymnastics every day.              | A. will be practicing |
| 2) Alex ... gymnastics the other day.          | B. had practiced      |
| 3) Alex ... gymnastics at 12 tomorrow.         | C. practices          |
| 4) Alex ... gymnastics before we went to home. | D. practiced          |

11. Соотнесите временные формы глаголов с предложениями к которым они относятся.

- |  |                 |
|--|-----------------|
| 1) They ... with my sister at this moment. | A. were walking |
| 2) They ... with my sister when I saw her. | B. will walk    |
| 3) They ... usually with my sister.        | C. are walking  |
| 4) They ... with my sister next day.       | D. walk         |

12. Соотнесите глаголы с предложениями, к которым они подходят по смыслу.

- |   |                          |
|---|--------------------------|
| 1) She can ... very high.                             | <b>A.</b> will meet      |
| 2) A lot of people ... football games at this moment. | <b>B.</b> has played     |
| 3) In the evening I ... Jennie at the station.        | <b>C.</b> jump           |
| 4) Jack ... volleyball since 10 years.                | <b>D.</b> are discussing |

**13.Соотнесите глаголы с предложениями, к которым они подходят по смыслу.**

- |  |                                |
|--|--------------------------------|
| 1) She often ... about fashion in class.   | <b>A.</b> trained              |
| 2) The girls ... yesterday at the stadium. | <b>B.</b> has won              |
| 3) His younger sister ... the competition. | <b>C.</b> will have translated |
| 4) Jane ... the text by the next week.     | <b>D.</b> speaks               |

**14.Соотнесите части предложений**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) Who managed to organize the first modern Olympic Games? | <b>A.</b> Pierre de Coubertin                         |
| 2) Who managed the organizing the first modern Olympics.   | <b>B.</b> for each Olympic Games.                     |
| 3) The design of medals is changed ...                     | <b>C.</b> in music, oratory, and theatre performances |
| 4) The original Olympics included competitions ...         | <b>D.</b> Coroibus of Elis                            |

**Прочитайте тексты и соотнесите их с рубриками А-Ф, к которым они могут быть отнесены.**

- |  |                          |
|--|--------------------------|
| <b>15.</b> Russia's Alexei Yagudin is just one of the defending champions under pressure before this week's world figure skating championships, which promise to be the most unpredictable in recent memory.   | <b>A.</b> BUSINESS NEWS  |
| <b>16.</b> Oil markets gave the OPEC producers' cartel Monday a lukewarm response to its weekend decision to slash world crude supplies by 1 million barrels per day from April.   | <b>B.</b> POLITICAL NEWS |
| <b>17.</b> Those on the left don't like it because they would prefer an increase in state spending. Those on the right don't like it because they want more fiscal austerity. And it is with the liberals that Prime Minister Mikhail Kasyanov will have his toughest debates. | <b>C.</b> CULTURE NEWS   |
| <b>18.</b> This time, exhibits arrived : from the Kovalenko Krasnodar Regional Museum of Arts - a total of 42 color paintings and 12 drawings and sketches from artists such as Kazimier Malevich, Vasily Kandinsky and Marc Chagal.   | <b>D.</b> SPORTS         |
| <b>19.</b> The designer presented her new collection of fur coats with a symbolic name, "Warm Up Your Soul," in the National Hotel on Sept.7.  | <b>E.</b> FASHION        |
|  | <b>F.</b> TV GUIDE       |

**III. Дополните предложения, поставив слова в скобках в нужной форме.**

20. At 5 o'clock yesterday the children ... chess in the sitting room. (to play)

21. I ... just ... family photos. (to watch)

22. By tomorrow he ... this work. (to finish)

**ВАРИАНТ IV**

**I. Выбрать правильный ответ**

1. We seldom ... to the stadium.

1) are going

2) will go

3) went

4) go

2. The football game ... tomorrow.

1) will be

2) were

3) are

4) was

3. Tom ... by the window when he heard the noise.

1) sit

2) was sitting

3) were sitting

4) are sitting

4. They were late. The meeting ... an hour before.

1) started

2) had started

3) has started

4) will start

5. The children ... already the playing football.

1) have finished

2) finish

3) had finished

4) will finished

**Перечислить правильные ответы**

6. The main British rivers are ... .

1) The Hudson River

2) the Rio Grand

3) the Thames

4) the Severn

7. The cities of Great Britain are ... .

1) Edinburgh

2) Cardiff

3) Philadelphia

4) Strafford of Avon

**II. Установите соответствие**

8. Соотнесите предложения с временными формами, в которых они выражены.

5. The girl is reading a magazine now.

A. Past Simple

6. I watched basketball match on TV.

B. Present Progressive

7. My son has already translated the story.

C. Future Simple

8. These men will participate at the event.

D. Present Perfect

9. Соотнесите предложения с временными формами, в которых они выражены.

1) The girls were watching flowers, when she saw them.

A. Past Perfect

2) Our team had won the game by that time.

B. Past Progressive



- 3) The dogs swim in the river very often. C.Future Progressive  
 4) The students will be writing the test at 14. D.Present Simple

**10.Соотнесите временные формы глаголов с предложениями к которым они относятся.**

- 1) The students ... gymnastics 5 days a week. A.had practiced  
 2) The students ... gymnastics the other day. B.will be practicing  
 3) The students ... gymnastics at nine tomorrow. D.practiced  
 4) The students ... gymnastics before they went to home. C.practice

**11.Соотнесите временные формы глаголов с предложениями к которым они относятся.**

- 1) Tony ... with my sister at this moment. A.was walking  
 2) Tony ... with my sister when I saw her. B.is walking  
 3) Tony ... often with my sister. C.will walk  
 4) Tony ... with my sister next week. D.walks

**12.Соотнесите глаголы с предложениями, к которым они подходят по смыслу.**

- 1) He can ... very high. A.are discussing  
 2) A lot of students ... football games at this moment. B.jump  
 3) Tomorrow I ... her at the station. C.has played  
 4) I ... chess since 11 years. D.will meet

**13.Соотнесите глаголы с предложениями, к которым они подходят по смыслу.**

- 1) The girls often ... about films. A.will have translated  
 2) They ... yesterday at the stadium. B.has won  
 3) Her sister ... the game. C.speaks  
 4) I ... the text by the next week. D.trained

**14.Соотнесите части предложений.**

- 1) The first Olympic Games were held A. the Winter Games and the Summer Games  
 2) The Olympic Games consist of ... B. Switzerland  
 3) The Olympic symbol consists of... C. in Greece  
 4) The International Olympic Committee is situated in ... D. five interlocking rings

**Прочитайте тексты и соотнесите их с рубриками А-Е, к которым они могут быть отнесены.**

- 15.Russia's big oil companies are brushing up their corporate act, helping attract much-needed investment and improving the overall outlook for the A. CRIME NEWS  
 B. JOB

country's stock market.

## OPPORTUNITIES

**16.** A 41-year-old Austrian national has been found dead in his Moscow apartment, police said Thursday. He had been stabbed three times.

C. REAL ESTATE

**17.** Alexander Semenov is a man who wears many hats. A famous theatre artist who has designed costumes all over the world, he is also a well-known fashion historian whose antique wardrobe collection consists of 600 costumes, 300 accessories and an archive of 15,000 photographs.

D. ECONOMIC NEWS

E. SPORTS

F. PROFILE

**18.** Restaurant manager with European/American catering background wanted on Russian deluxe cruise ship. Supervise/consult restaurant staff to maintain Western service for American passengers.

**19.** LONDON — Three-time champions Italy and Germany marched even closer to next year's World Cup finals with high-scoring qualifying victories Wednesday.

### III. Дополните предложения, поставив слова в скобках в нужной форме.

**20.** Yesterday the children ... competition. (to win)

**21.** She ... already ... family photos. (to take)

**22.** The children ... basketball by 17 tomorrow. (to play)

## ВАРИАНТ V

### I. Выбрать правильный ответ

**1.** In this year ecological problems ... greatly.

1) has increased

2) will increase

3) will be increasing

4) have increased

**2.** When ... he in Moscow?

1) was

2) were

3) is

4) are

**3.** My daughter ... playing the piano at the age of four.

1) begun

2) has begun

3) had begun

4) began

**4.** We ... the lesson of physical education now.

1) has

2) is having

3) are having

4) has had

**5.** They ... football before he entered the college.

1) had played

2) has played

3) plays

4) play

## Перечислить правильные ответы

6. The main cities of Great Britain are ...
- |              |                  |
|--------------|------------------|
| 1) Bath      | 2) San Francisco |
| 3) Liverpool | 4) Munich        |
7. The Sightseeing of London are ...
- |                            |                        |
|----------------------------|------------------------|
| 1) Madame Tussand's Museum | 2) Piccadilly Circus   |
| 3) the Stonehenge          | 4) the Nelson's Column |

## II. Установите соответствие

8. Соотнесите предложения с временными формами, в которых они выражены

- |  |                        |
|--|------------------------|
| 1) The boys went to the championship.        | A. Present Simple      |
| 2) Our team has won the cup.                 | B. Present Progressive |
| 3) They play football every day.             | C. Past Simple         |
| 4) The children are having training session. | D. Present Perfect     |

9. Соотнесите предложения с временными формами, в которых они выражены

- |  |                       |
|--|-----------------------|
| 1) Lina had translated the text by 12.         | A. Past Perfect       |
| 2) My sisters were playing chess at that time. | B. Future Progressive |
| 3) I will compete with them tomorrow.          | C. Past Progressive   |
| 4) The boys will be jumping at 14.             | D. Future Simple      |

10. Соотнесите временные формы глаголов с предложениями к которым они относятся.

- |   |                  |
|---|------------------|
| 1) The girls... in the swimming pool now.             | A. are swimming  |
| 2) The girls ... in the swimming pool two days ago.   | B. swam          |
| 3) The girls ... in the swimming pool at that moment. | C. were swimming |
| 4) The girls ... in the swimming pool tomorrow.       | D. will swim     |

11. Соотнесите временные формы глаголов с предложениями к которым они относятся.

- |   |                  |
|---|------------------|
| 1) His son ... wrestling.                 | A. has practiced |
| 2) His son ...wrestling at this moment.   | B. is practicing |
| 3) His son ...wrestling at the next week. | C. will practice |
| 4) His son ...wrestling since 7 years.    | D. practices     |

**12. Соотнесите глаголы с предложениями, к которым они подходят по смыслу.**

- |   |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| 1) This man ... our football team.          | <b>A.</b> participate |
| 2) We are going to ... in the skating ring. | <b>B.</b> skate       |
| 3) Very often she ... prizes.               | <b>C.</b> has won     |
| 4) They ... in competitions.                | <b>D.</b> trains      |

**13. Соотнесите глаголы с предложениями, к которым они подходят по смыслу.**

- |   |                       |
|---|-----------------------|
| 1) Nick... as a coach.                              | <b>A.</b> went.       |
| 2) I ... the car for two years.                     | <b>B.</b> have driven |
| 3) My sister always ... morning exercises.          | <b>C.</b> works       |
| 4) His daughter ... in for skiing in the childhood. | <b>D.</b> does        |

**14. Соотнесите части предложений.**

- |  |                                      |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| 1) New members of the IOC are elected ...    | <b>A.</b> last                       |
| 2) The Olympic motto is...                   | <b>B.</b> until the end of the Games |
| 3) The flame is kept burning...              | <b>C.</b> by the current members     |
| 4) The athletes of the host country enter... | <b>D.</b> Faster, Higher, Stronger   |

**Прочитайте тексты и соотнесите их с рубриками А-Ф, к которым они могут быть отнесены.**

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>15.</b> The most impressive residential community offers western type apartments at affordable prices. You will enjoy professional management, secure environment, respectable neighbors, numerous amenities, child-care center, sport facilities and more... | <b>A.</b> REAL ESTATE                    |
| <b>16.</b> Andre Agassi defeated Pete Sampras in straight sets to win the men's Master Series tournament Sunday in the latest installment of one of tennis' most lengthy rivalries.  | <b>B.</b> BUSINESS NEWS                  |
| <b>17.</b> Australia's largest resources group, BHP Ltd., announced a \$28 billion merger with London-listed Billiton PLC on Monday to create the world's second-largest minerals and metals giant.  | <b>C.</b> TV GUIDE                       |
| <b>18.</b> Alexei Panin has been appointed vice president of Probiznesbank. He previously held the post of director of the loan department for Probiznesbank.  | <b>D.</b> REARER'S LETTERS TO A MAGAZINE |
| <b>19.</b> My family knew that, sooner or later, it would happen. For us, it wasn't an unpleasant surprise because the media announced it ahead of time. So, we were ready for July 15. Life is becoming more expensive and no one can help it.                  | <b>E.</b> SPORTS                         |
|  | <b>F.</b> APPOINTMENTS                   |

### III. Дополните предложения, поставив слова в скобках в нужной форме

20. When I came at home my mother ...the dinner. (to prepare)  
21. The children ... basketball by 17 tomorrow. (to play)  
23. Tom ... already ... the letter. (to write)

#### Тест № 3 (Passive Voice)

*Рекомендации по выполнению лексико-грамматического теста:* разработано три варианта, состоящих из 26 заданий, включающих перечисленный выше грамматический материал. В тест также включены материалы (лексика) по изученным темам. Упражнения предполагают выбор правильных ответов с 1 по 18 задания, установление соответствия в заданиях с 19 по 24, дополнить предложения с 25 по 26.

#### *Критерии оценки теста*

Критерии оценки производятся по шкале (из общего числа правильных ответов)

Из 1 варианта контрольной работы 43 правильных ответа (с 1 по 18 – по 1 баллу за правильный ответ; с 18-24 по 1 баллу за каждое соответствие, с 25 и 26 – 1 баллу), отсюда 45 баллов.

«5» - до 40 правильных ответов (т.е. не более 5 ошибок)

«4» - до 31 правильного ответа (т.е. не более 14 ошибок)

«3» - до 23 правильных ответов (т.е. не более 23 ошибок)

«2» - 24 и менее правильных ответов.

#### Вариант I

##### **I. Выберите правильный ответ.**

1. This is a large hall. Many parties ... her
1. are held
  2. are being held
  3. are been held
  4. is held
2. The letter and the parcel ... tomorrow by six.
1. will be posted
  2. will be post
  3. will have be posted
  4. will have been posted
3. In Greece the Olympic Games ... once in four years.
1. was held
  2. is held
  3. are held
  4. were held

4. New members of the IOC ... by the current members
1. have been elected
  2. is elected
  3. are elected
  4. were elected
5. The design of medals ... for each Olympic Games.
1. is changed
  2. was changed
  3. have been changed
  4. are changed
6. The flame... burning until the end of the Games
1. have been kept
  2. is kept
  3. were kept
  4. are kept
7. The Russia ... by three oceans.
1. was washed
  2. has been washed
  3. are washed
  4. is washed
8. This book ... written by Pushkin.
1. was written
  2. is written
  3. will be written
  4. are written
9. The swimming pools ... by children with pleasure.
1. were visited
  2. was visited
  3. had been visited
  4. is visited
10. St. Petersburg ... by Peter the First.
1. founded
  2. was founded
  3. is founded
  4. are founded
11. The Paralympics ... first ... in Rome in 1960.
1. is held
  2. were held
  3. will be held
  4. held
12. The competition ... by Russian team.
1. was won
  2. is won
  3. has been won
  4. are won

13. My son often \_\_\_\_\_ part at the competitions.

1. take
2. took
3. is taken
4. takes

14. Употребите нужный модальный глагол.

*Little children like books with large print. They \_\_\_\_\_ read them more easily.*

1. must
2. may
3. can
4. mustn't

15. Выберите нужный эквивалент английскому глаголу.

*The children are playing in the park.*

1. играют
2. играли
3. будут играть
4. играет

16. While the girls \_\_\_\_\_ to the music, I was reading my birthday cards.

1. danced
2. have danced
3. were dancing
4. was dancing

17. Children \_\_\_\_\_ the Christmas tree yesterday between 6-7.

1. decorated
2. had decorated
3. were decorating
4. have decorated

18. Выберите нужный эквивалент английскому глаголу в страдательном залоге.

*The book is translated by him.*

1. переводится
2. переведена
3. переводилась
4. будет переведена

## II. Установите соответствие:

19. Соотнесите слова и их перевод.

- |                         |                         |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. to strengthen        | 1. горизонтальный брус  |
| 2. a horizontal bar     | 2. формировать мускулы  |
| 3. a rope               | 3. усиливать, укреплять |
| 4. to shape the muscles | 4. канат                |

20 Соотнесите слова и их перевод.

- |                  |            |
|------------------|------------|
| 1. a goaltender  | 1. шлем    |
| 2. a helmet      | 2. шайба   |
| 3. a hockey rink | 3. вратарь |
| 4. a puck        | 4. корт    |

21. Соотнесите слова и их перевод.

- |                     |                     |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. recreation       | 1. фигурное катание |
| 2. a figure-skating | 2. спортивные танцы |
| 3. a rotation       | 3. отдых            |
| 4. sport dances     | 4. вращение         |

22. Соотнесите словосочетания и их перевод.

- |                                    |                                   |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. speed-skating tournament        | 1. комбинация шагов               |
| 2. the world title                 | 2. великий русский фигурист       |
| 3. the great Russian figure-skater | 3. мировой титул                  |
| 4. combinations of steps           | 4. турнир по конькобежному спорту |

23. Соотнесите предложения с временными формами, в которых они выражены.

- |  |                    |
|--|--------------------|
| 9. Our team had won the game by that time.         | e. Past Simple     |
| 10. I watched basketball match on TV.              | f. Past Perfect    |
| 11. My son has already translated the story.       | g. Future Perfect  |
| 12. These men will have participated at the event. | h. Present Perfect |

24. Соотнесите названия стран и достопримечательностей.

- |                           |                       |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| 5) Canada                 | A. Trafalgar Square   |
| 6) Great Britain          | B. Red Square         |
| 7) The Russian Federation | C. Statute of Liberty |
| 8) the USA                | D. the Niagara Falls  |

**III. Допиши предложение.**

25. The Olympic Games ... in 1896. (to renew)  
26. The text ... by students tomorrow. (to translate)

## Вариант 2

**I. Выберите правильный ответ.**

1. Beginning 1926 Winter Olympics .... .
1. is included
  2. are included
  3. has been included



4. were included
2. The Olympic Games ... in 1896.
  1. has been renewed
  2. are renewed
  3. were renewed
  4. is renewed
3. The International Olympic Committee ... in Switzerland
  1. is situated
  2. was situated
  3. were situated
  4. will have been situated
4. Hundreds of people ... by the new factory this year.
  1. are employed
  2. were employed
  3. have been employed
  4. has been employed
5. The text ... by students tomorrow.
  1. will be translated
  2. was translated
  3. will have been translated
  4. translated
6. The work ... by 9 o'clock yesterday.
  1. will be finished
  2. has been finished
  3. is finished
  4. had been finished
7. The problems ... by my father.
  1. has been solved
  2. was solved
  3. is solved
  4. are solved
8. The distance ... very quickly.
  1. is covered
  2. will be covered
  3. was covered
  4. had been covered
9. The book ... by Hardy.
  1. is written
  2. wrote
  3. are written
  4. was written
10. Four people ... in a train.
  1. are killed
  2. have been killed
  3. killed

4. will be killed
11. The house ... by a pop star.
1. bought
  2. buy
  3. was bought
  4. is bought
12. A new supermarket ... by next year.
1. will build
  2. buit
  3. was buit
  4. will have been buit
13. A cinema is a place where films ....
1. are shown
  2. is shown
  3. have been shown
  4. will be shown
14. This student \_\_\_\_ hockey very well.
1. play
  2. played
  3. is playing
  4. plays
15. Выберите нужный эквивалент английскому глаголу  
*The boy translated the text the day before.*
1. перевел
  2. будет переводить
  3. переводил
  4. переводит
16. When I came home, my friends \_\_\_\_\_ .
1. were reading
  2. had read
  3. have read
  4. are reading
17. The boys \_\_\_\_ with the little puppy the whole evening yesterday.
1. are playing
  2. played
  3. were playing
  4. was playing
18. . Выберите нужный эквивалент английскому глаголу в страдательном залоге.  
*The Tower of London was built in 1076.*
1. построена
  2. построилась
  3. построится
  4. строится

## II. Установите соответствие:

19. Соотнесите слова и их перевод.

- |                 |              |
|-----------------|--------------|
| 1. a defenseman | 1.бить       |
| 2. to swat      | 2. защитник  |
| 3. rough        | 3.нападающий |
| 4. a forward    | 4.грубый     |

20. Соотнесите слова и их перевод.

- |                         |                        |
|-------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. rings                | 1. горизонтальный брус |
| 2. a horizontal bar     | 2.формировать мускулы  |
| 3.to march              | 3. кольца              |
| 4. to shape the muscles | 4.маршировать          |

21. Соотнесите слова и их перевод.

- |                     |                     |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. a success        | 1. фигурное катание |
| 2. a figure-skating | 2.спортивные танцы  |
| 3. a supporting     | 3.успех             |
| 4. sport dances     | 4.поддержка         |

22. Соотнесите словосочетания и их перевод.

- |                          |                        |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. sense of rhythm       | 1. комбинация шагов    |
| 2. free exercises        | 2.гимнастический лидер |
| 3 a gymnastics leader    | 3.вольные упражнения   |
| 4. combinations of steps | 4.чувство ритма        |

23. Соотнесите предложения с временными формами, в которых они выражены.

- |  |                           |
|--|---------------------------|
| 9. Kate had won the game by that time.                             | <b>i.</b> Present Perfect |
| 10.They watched football match on TV.                              | <b>j.</b> Future Perfekt  |
| 11.I have already translated the story.                            | <b>k.</b> Past Perfect    |
| 12.The sportsmen will have participated at the event by next week. | <b>l.</b> Past Simple     |

24.Соотнесите названия стран и столиц Соединенного королевства.

- |                     |                     |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 5) Scotland         | <b>A.</b> Belfast   |
| 6) Wales            | <b>B.</b> London    |
| 7) England          | <b>C.</b> Cardiff   |
| 8) Northern Ireland | <b>D.</b> Edinburgh |

## III. Допиши предложение

25. The book ... by him 5 years ago. (to write)  
26. The Russia ... by three oceans.(to wash)

### Вариант 3

#### I. Выберите правильный ответ.

1. The letter and the parcel ... tomorrow by six.
  1. will be posted
  2. will be post
  3. will have be posted
  4. will have been posted
  
2. The Olympic Games ... in 1896.
  1. has been renewed
  2. are renewed
  3. were renewed
  4. is renewed
  
3. St. Petersburg ... by Peter the First.
  1. founded
  2. was founded
  3. is founded
  4. are founded
  
4. Beginning 1926 Winter Olympics ....
  1. is included
  2. are included
  3. has been included
  4. were included
  
5. The text ... by students tomorrow.
  1. will be translated
  2. was translated
  3. will have been translated
  4. translated
  
6. The work ... by 9 o'clock yesterday.
  1. will be finished
  2. has been finished
  3. is finished
  4. had been finished
  
7. The International Olympic Committee ... in Switzerland
  1. is situated
  2. was situated
  3. were situated
  4. will have been situated
  
8. The flame... burning until the end of the Games
  1. have been kept
  2. is kept
  3. were kept
  4. are kept

9. The books ... by Pushkin.

1. is written
2. wrote
3. are written
4. were written

10. The swimming pools ... by children with pleasure.

1. were visited
2. was visited
3. had been visited
4. is visited

11. The dress ... by a pop star.

1. bought
2. buy
3. was bought
4. is bought

12. A new swimming pool ... by next year.

1. will build
2. built
3. was built
4. will have been built

13. A cinema is a place where films ... .

1. are shown
2. is shown
3. have been shown
4. will be shown

14. This boys ... football very well.

1. play
2. played
3. is playing
4. plays

15. Выберите нужный эквивалент английскому глаголу

*The boy translated the text the day before.*

1. перевел
2. будет переводить
3. переводил
4. переводит

16. When he came home, his friends ... .

1. were reading
2. had read
3. have read
4. are reading

17. The boys ... with the little puppy the whole evening yesterday.

1. are playing
2. played

3. were playing

4. was playing

18. Выберите нужный эквивалент английскому глаголу в страдательном залоге.

*The question was discussed yesterday.*

1. обсуждается

2. обсужден

3. будет обсуждаться

4. обсуждался

**II. Установите соответствие:**

19. Соотнесите слова и их перевод.

1. a defenseman

1.бить

2. to swat

2. защитник

3. rough

3.нападающий

4. a forward

4.грубый

20.Соотнесите слова и их перевод.

1.a goaltender

1.шлем

2. a helmet

2.шайба

3. a hockey rink

3. вратарь

4. a puck

4.корт

21. Соотнесите слова и их перевод.

1. a success

1. фигурное катание

2. a figure-skating

2.спортивные танцы

3. a supporting

3.успех

4. sport dances

4.поддержка

22. Соотнесите словосочетания и их перевод.

1. speed-skating tournament

1. комбинация шагов

2. the world title

2.великий русский фигурист

3. the great Russian figure-skater

3.мировой титул

4. combinations of steps

4.турнир по конькобежному спорту

23.Соотнесите предложения с временными формами, в которых они выражены.

1.Our team had won the game by that time.

A.Past Simple

2.I watched basketball match on TV.

B.Past Perfect

3.My son has already translated the story.

C.Future Perfect

4.These men will have participated at the event.

D.Present Perfect

24.Соотнесите названия стран и столиц Соединенного королевства.

1.USA

A. Belfast

2.Russia

B. London

3.England

C. Moscow

4.Northern Ireland

D. Washington

**III. Допиши предложение**

25. The book ... by him 5 years ago. (to write)

26. The text ... by students tomorrow.(to translate)

## ТЕСТ № 4

Тест включает 3 варианта. Задания первого уровня содержит вопросы с выбором правильного ответа из четырёх предложенных, второй уровень на установление соответствия - чтение, третий уровень включает задания открытой формы.

Контрольно-измерительные материалы не требуют списывания условия заданий. Выполнение заданий контрольного среза не требует использования вспомогательного материала и средств обучения.

Объем теста по дисциплины включает 23 задания при среднем расчетном времени выполнении одного задания первого уровня 1 минута, второго и третьего по 2 минуты.

Правильный ответ оценивается одним баллом за задания 1 уровня и 2 уровня, 2 балла за задания 3 уровня. Баллы, полученные за все выполненные задания суммируются.

### Критерии оценки

- «5» - 90-100% правильных ответов;
- «4» - 70- 89% правильных ответов;
- «3» - 50- 69% правильных ответов;
- «2» - менее 50 % правильных ответов.

Из 1 варианта тестов 26 баллов.

- «5» - от 23 до 26 баллов;
- «4» - от 18 до 22 баллов;
- «3» - от 13 до 17 баллов;
- «2» - 14 и менее.

### ВАРИАНТ I

#### I. Выберите правильный ответ.

1. Where's your purse? I ... it ten days ago.
  1. lost
  2. losed
  3. losd
  4. loosed
2. In Greece the Olympic Games ... once in four years.
  5. was held
  6. is held
  7. are held
  8. were held
3. When I woke up, everybody else ... .
  1. had already left
  2. would left
  3. already left
  4. already had left

4. New members of the IOC ... by the current members
5. have been elected
  6. is elected
  7. are elected
  8. were elected
5. Tomorrow by 10 the girls ... the text.
1. translate
  2. has translated
  3. will have translated
  4. will translated
6. The design of medals ... for each Olympic Games.
5. is changed
  6. was changed
  7. have been changed
  8. are changed
7. After I ... all my letters, I went to the kitchen to make coffee.
1. have written
  2. had written
  3. will have written
  4. has written
8. The flame ... burning until the end of the Games
5. have been kept
  6. is kept
  7. were kept
  8. are kept
9. He can't find his pen. I think somebody ... by mistake.
1. will have taken
  2. has taken
  3. had taken
  4. took
10. The Russia ... by three oceans.
5. was washed
  6. has been washed
  7. are washed
  8. is washed
11. At 8 o'clock tomorrow... TOEFL.
1. you write
  2. you will be writing
  3. you were writing
  4. you will write
12. When he came I already ... my work.
1. finish
  2. has finished
  3. had finished



4. will have finished

13. Julia ... all the housework by 3 o'clock and we'll go for a walk.

1. finish
2. has finished
3. had finished
4. finished

14. I ... by the window when I heard the noise.

- |                |                 |
|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. sit         | 3. was sitting  |
| 2. are sitting | 4. were sitting |

### Раздел «Чтение»

**II. Установите соответствие** между заголовками **1 — 6** и текстами **A — F**. Запишите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру **только один раз**.

- |                        |                             |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. Water pollution     | 4. Pollution of environment |
| 2. Healthy way of life | 5. First - task of sporting |
| 3. History of bicycle  | 6. The basis for health     |

**A.** To be healthy is very important. You can work, learn and have fun only when you are healthy. Health is the man's greatest wealth. Of course, you can inherit some problems from your parents. But you can always keep your health if you want to.

**B.** Pollution of water by both industrial and domestic users creates the problem of water deficit. Water deficit is of present interest for our region too. Our rivers are polluted not only by industrial users

**C.** Litter is another issue that people face in big cities. You can see rubbish dumped in a heaps. There are a lot of them in the streets of our town. Walking in the center you can see bottles, cans, paper and others. As a result of it big industrial centers today look more like garbage dumps.

**D.** Physical education and sports are a basis for health, physical perfection, increased working ability, as well as moral and aesthetic teaching. A general development of sports increases the creative mankind and influences economic and cultural development.

**E.** The basic shape and configuration of a typical upright, or safety bicycle, has changed little since the first chain-driven model was developed around 1885. But many details have been improved, especially since the advent of modern materials and computer-aided design.

**F.** Coaching is fundamentally a didactic and educational activity associated with social and physical development of fitness and health. The society having needs in healthy population, the first - task of sporting is striving for health and activity.

<b>A</b>		<b>B</b>		<b>C</b>		<b>D</b>		<b>E</b>		<b>F</b>	
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**III. Write the word in brackets in the correct form.**

1. I \_\_\_\_\_(go) to the training session every day.
2. We \_\_\_\_\_ (fly) to Beijing next Tuesday.
3. They \_\_\_\_\_(play) hockey last week.

*ВАРИАНТ II*

**I. Выберите правильный ответ.**

1. I was ... a piece of helpful advice.
  1. gived
  2. give
  3. given
  4. Gave
2. Beginning 1926 Winter Olympics ....
  1. is included
  2. are included
  3. has been included
  4. were included
3. That morning she went out after she ... somebody.
  1. phone
  2. will have phoned
  3. has phoned
  4. had phoned
4. The Olympic Games ... in 1896.
  5. has been renewed
  6. are renewed
  7. were renewed
  8. is renewed
5. My sister and her husband ... married since last Christmas.
  1. have been
  2. had been
  3. were
  4. are
6. The International Olympic Committee ... in Switzerland
  5. is situated
  6. was situated
  7. were situated
  8. will have been situated
7. This time tomorrow I... lunch.
  1. have

2. will have
3. am having
4. will be having

8. Hundreds of people ... by the new factory this year.

5. are employed
6. were employed
7. have been employed
8. has been employed

9. The text ... by students tomorrow.

5. will be translated
6. was translated
7. will have been translated
8. translated

10. He ... ever since he arrived at the party. He's had eight beers so far.

1. has been drinking
2. has drunk
3. was drinking
4. drank

11. The work ... by 9 o'clock yesterday.

5. will be finished
6. has been finished
7. is finished
8. had been finished

12. Julia ... all the housework by 3 o'clock and we'll go for a walk.

1. finish
2. will finish
3. will have finished
4. has finished

13. I ... in England ten years ago.

1. stayed
2. have stayed
3. staid
4. did stayed

14. Mary ... the lesson of physical education now.

- |           |              |
|-----------|--------------|
| 1. has    | 3. is having |
| 2. having | 5. has had   |

### Раздел «Чтение»

**II. Установите соответствие** между заголовками **1 — 8** и текстами **A — G**. Запишите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру **только один раз**.

1. The principal means of transportation

4. Clothes of boxer

2. The role of sport
3. The main aim of education

5. Coaching
6. teaching is a very..difficult job

**A.** Numerous studies have shown that college students who practice sports regularly are also better able to cope with their work; workers in industry, who practice sports, fall ill 3-4 times less frequently than others, they are more productive, produce fewer rejects and suffer fewer injuries.

**B.** In amateur boxing, each boxer wears shorts approved by the sanctioning body in the color of their corner. In professional boxing, the color and design of the shorts is left up to each fighter and is not regulated.

**C.** The striving for self-expression and constant perfection of man, are facilitated by the process of coaching. Talent and ambition alone are not enough for winning a championship. It is necessary to submit oneself absolutely to a planned concept of coaching.

**D.** When young people choose the profession of a teacher, it is always necessary to bear in mind that teaching is a very..difficult job. It implies great responsibility and a lot of activities of different kind both in class and at home.

**E.** It is the main aim of education to help children to live in the community and to prepare for real life situations. School becomes a place tier work and play, for living and learning.

**F.** Bicycles were introduced in the 19th century in Europe and now number more than a billion worldwide, twice as many as automobiles. They are the principal means of transportation in many regions. They also provide a popular form of recreation.

<b>A</b>		<b>B</b>		<b>C</b>		<b>D</b>		<b>E</b>		<b>F</b>	
----------	--	----------	--	----------	--	----------	--	----------	--	----------	--

**III. Write the word in brackets in the correct form.**

1. The children \_\_\_\_\_(run) every morning .
2. They \_\_\_\_\_ (finish) this work tomorrow.
3. Aisha \_\_\_\_\_ (leave) the company in 1998 to start her own business.

*ВАРИАНТ III*

**I. Выберите правильный ответ.**

- 1.He had... a car for 10 years before he changed his line of work.
1. drove
  2. drived
  3. drive
  4. driven

2. The problems ... by my father.
5. has been solved
  6. was solved
  7. is solved
  8. are solved
3. The distance ... very quickly.
5. is covered
  6. will be covered
  7. was covered
  8. had been covered
4. The swimming pools ... by children with pleasure.
5. were visited
  6. was visited
  7. had been visited
  8. is visited
5. St. Petersburg ... by Peter the First.
5. founded
  6. was founded
  7. is founded
  8. are founded
6. The Paralympics ... first ... in Rome in 1960.
5. is held
  6. were held
  7. will be held
  8. held
7. The competition ... by Russian team.
5. was won
  6. is won
  7. has been won
  8. are won
8. Before we visited our friends, we ... their letter.
1. have received
  2. shall receive
  3. receive
  4. had received
9. Nina ... a birthday cake before Mum came home.
1. made
  2. had made
  3. was making
  4. has made
10. Tomorrow by 10 the girls ... the text.
1. translated
  2. had translated
  3. will have translated
  4. will translated

11. The children saw a nice kitten when they ... the basket.

1. opened
2. open
3. has opened
4. had opened

12. They never ... this part of the town.

1. had visited
2. has visited
3. will have visited
4. visited

13. They ... their wedding anniversary this week.

1. celebrated
2. have celebrated
3. had celebrated
4. celebrate

### Раздел «Чтение»

**II. Установите соответствие** между заголовками **1 — 6** и текстами **A — F**. Запишите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую цифру **только один раз**.

- |    |                                |    |                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----|-------------------|
| 1. | History of horse racing        | 4. | History of boxing |
| 2. | The role of physical education | 5. | Coaching          |
| 3. | Wrestling                      | 6. | The Olympic Games |

**A.** Representatives of various countries can win gold, silver or bronze medals. Such great championships in sport are organized every four years and we call them the Olympic Games. Only the best may take part in them.

**B.** Horse racing is an equestrian sport that has a long history. Archaeological records indicate that horse racing occurred in ancient Greece, Babylon, Syria, and Egypt. Both chariot and mounted horse racing were events in the ancient Greek Olympics by 648 BC. In the Roman Empire, chariot and mounted horse racing were major industries.

**C.** In amateur boxing differs substantially from in amateur boxing of the 19th and early 20th centuries. The modern stance has a more upright vertical-armed guard, as opposed to the more horizontal, knuckles-facing-forward guard adopted by early 20th century hook users such as Jack Jonson.

**D.** Freestyle wrestling is international discipline and an Olympic sport, for both men and women. This style allows the use of the wrestler's or his opponent's legs in offense and defense. Freestyle wrestling, has its greatest origins in catch-as-catch-can wrestling and the prime victory condition in this styles involves the wrestler winning by throw and pinning his opponent on the mat.

**E.** In general, physical education and sport are social values which form an important component of culture. Physical education has a favourable effect on health and so it is one of the most important ways of increasing the efficiency of other activities. But to make its best contribution to the society, a long period of systematic work is needed.

**F.** Coaching is fundamentally a didactic and educational activity associated with social and physical development of fitness and health. Talent and ambition alone are not enough for winning a championship. It is necessary to submit oneself absolutely to a planned concept of coaching.

<b>A</b>		<b>B</b>		<b>C</b>		<b>D</b>		<b>E</b>		<b>F</b>	
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***I. Write the word in brackets in the correct form.***

1. My sister \_\_\_\_\_(play) chess very well.
2. They \_\_\_\_\_(take) part at the competition next month.
3. The boys \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) the football match on TV.

## **Заключение**

Данная методическая разработка предназначена для студентов первого курса специальностей 49.02.01 Физическая культура, 49.02.02 Адаптивная физическая культура, 40.02.01 Право и организация социального обеспечения и включает грамматический материал, предназначенный для повторения и закрепления знаний обучающихся.

Методическая разработка составлена с учетом индивидуализации и дифференциации обучения и отражает специфику специальностей 49.02.01 Физическая культура, 49.02.02 Адаптивная физическая культура, 40.02.01 Право и организация социального обеспечения. Пособие может использоваться студентами, как для аудиторных занятий, так и для самоподготовки.



## Интернет источники

<https://www.native-english.ru/grammar/present-simple>  
<http://www.serge-flamel.narod.ru/DO/Spravochnik/project/p28aa1.html>  
<https://englishtopic.ru/uprazhneniya-vremena-gruppy-continuous-s-otvetami/>  
<https://study-english.info/exercises-past-continuous.php>  
<https://englishleo.ru/ex-past-cont-simp.php>  
<https://s-english.ru/uprazhneniya/future-simple-future-continuous>  
<https://studfile.net/preview/1958365/page:36/>  
[https://iloveenglish.ru/theory/anglijskaya\\_grammatika/vremena\\_gryppi\\_perfect](https://iloveenglish.ru/theory/anglijskaya_grammatika/vremena_gryppi_perfect)  
<http://grammar-tei.com/uprazhneniya-na-temu-the-past-perfect-tense/>  
<https://englishfox.ru/otlichie-past-perfect-ot-past-simple.html>  
<https://infourok.ru/uprazhneniya-dlya-trenirovki-future-simple-passive-2543875.html>  
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<https://engfairy.com/passivnyj-zalog-uprazhneniya/>  
<https://engfairy.com/passivnyj-zalog-uprazhneniya/>  
<https://interneturok.ru/lesson/english/7-8-klassy/pridatochnye-vremeni-i-usloviya/the-passive-voice-present-simple-present-continuous>  
<https://mnemoenglish.ru/user/stepbystep/intermediate-b1/past-simple-passive-voice-passivnyi-zalog>  
<https://english4real.com/grammar-exercises-el-passive.html>  
<https://mnemoenglish.ru/user/stepbystep/intermediate-b1/past-continuous-passive-voice-proshedshee-dlitelnoe-vremia-v-passivnom-zaloge>  
<https://www.englishpresent.com/post/past-perfect-passive>

# Приложение 1

ФОРМЫ Время	<u>Continuous</u> (действие, происходящее в данный момент)	<u>Indefinite (Simple)</u> (повторяющееся действие)	<u>Perfect</u> (действие закончилось к данному моменту: результат, законченность)	<u>Perfect Continuous</u> (действие, начавшееся в указанный момент и совершается (продолжается) до другого момента)
<b>Present</b>	<i>to be + doing</i> I am He is We } You } are } <u>working</u> They }	<i>do, don't + do; doesn't + do</i> I work    I don't He works    He doesn't We }    We } work You }    You } don't They }    They }	I have He has We } You } } <u>worked</u> They } } shown  I haven't worked	<i>(for, since)</i> I have He has We } You } } <u>been</u> They } } <u>working</u> } <u>(doing)</u>
<b>Past</b>	I <u>was</u> He <u>was</u> We } You } } <u>were</u> They } } } <u>working</u>	I He } <u>work + ed</u> ⇒ <u>worked</u> We } <u>did + not</u> ⇒ <u>didn't work</u> You } They }  <u>Did you work yesterday?</u>	I We } He } } <u>had worked</u> You } They }	I He } We } } <u>had been working</u> You } } <u>(doing)</u> They }
<b>Future</b>	I } <u>shall</u> We } (will) He } } } <u>be working</u> You } } } <u>will</u> They }	I } <u>shall work</u> We } (will)  He } } <u>will work</u> You } } They }	I } <u>shall</u> We } (will) } <u>by the time</u> } } } <u>have worked</u> } } } <u>(done)</u>  He } } } <u>will</u> You } } } They }	I } <u>shall</u> We } (will) } <u>have been</u> } } } <u>working</u>  He } } } <u>will</u> You } } } } <u>by + for</u> They }
<b>Future in the past</b>	I } <u>should</u> We } } } <u>be working</u>  He } } } <u>would</u> You } } } They }	I } <u>should</u> We } } } work  He } } } <u>would</u> You } } } They }	I } <u>should</u> We } } } <u>have worked</u> } } } <u>(done)</u>  He } } } <u>would</u> You } } } They }	I } <u>should</u> We } (would) } <u>have been</u> } } } <u>working</u>  He } } } <u>would</u> You } } } They }

# Приложение 2

Констатация факта	Действие находится в процессе	Завершенное действие
Действие направлено на подлежащее. Важно, что оно происходит и не важно кем выполняется. <i>to be + V3</i>		
Present Simple Passive	Present Progressive Passive	Present Perfect Passive

<p>Выражает постоянное, обычное действие, происходящее в настоящем времени.</p> <p>+ <b>am/is/are + V3</b>  <i>The Russia is washed by three oceans.</i></p> <p>-<b>am/is/are not + V3</b>  <i>The Russia is not washed by two oceans.</i></p> <p>? <b>W. am/is/are II V3</b>  <i>Is the Russia washed by two oceans?</i></p>	<p>Выражает действие находящееся в развитии в настоящий момент.</p> <p>+ <b>am/is/are being + V3</b>  <i>The question is being discussed in the moment.</i></p> <p>-+ <b>am/is/are being not + V3</b>  <i>The question is being not discussed now.</i></p> <p>? <b>W am/is/are being II V3</b>  <i>Is being the question discussed in the moment?</i></p>	<p>Выражает действие произошедшее в прошлом. Но результат связан с настоящим временем.</p> <p>+<b>has/have been + V3</b>  <i>The question has been already discussed.</i></p> <p>-<b>has/have been not + V3</b>  <i>The question has been not yet discussed.</i></p> <p>? <b>W has/have been II + V3?</b>  <i>Has been the question already discussed?</i></p>
<p><b>Past Simple Passive</b></p> <p>Выражает действие, происшедшее в прошедшем времени.</p> <p>+ <b>was/were + V3</b>  <i>The book was written by Pushkin.</i></p> <p>- <b>was/were not + V3</b>  <i>The book was not written by Lermontov.</i></p> <p>? <b>W. was/were II V3</b>  <i>Was the book written by Pushkin?</i></p>	<p><b>Past Progressive Passive</b></p> <p>Выражает действие находящееся в развитии в определенный момент в прошлом.</p> <p>+ <b>was/were being + V3</b>  <i>The question was being discussed at 5 o'clock.</i></p> <p>+ <b>was/were being not + V3</b>  <i>The question was being not discussed at 5 o'clock yesterday.</i></p> <p>? <b>W was/were being II V3?</b>  <i>When was being the question discussed yesterday?</i></p>	<p><b>Past Perfect Passive</b></p> <p>Выражает действие произошедшее до определенного момента в прошлом.</p> <p>+<b>had been + V3</b>  <i>The question had been discussed by 12.</i></p> <p>+<b>had been not + V3</b>  <i>The question had been not discussed by 11.</i></p> <p>? <b>W had been II V3?</b>  <i>When had been the question discussed?</i></p>
<p><b>Future Simple Passive</b></p> <p>Выражает действие, которое произойдет в будущем времени.</p> <p>+ <b>will be + V3</b>  <i>Soon the problems will be discussed.</i></p> <p>- <b>will be not + V3</b>  <i>Soon the problems will be not discussed.</i></p> <p>? <b>W will be II V3</b>  <i>Will be the problems discussed soon?</i></p>		<p><b>Future Perfect Passive</b></p> <p>Выражает действие, которое произойдет до определенного момента в будущем.</p> <p>+<b>will have been + V3</b>  <i>The question will have been discussed by 12 tomorrow.</i></p> <p>+ <b>will have been not + V3</b>  <i>The question will have been not discussed by 11 tomorrow.</i></p> <p>? <b>W had been II V3?</b>  <i>When will have been the question discussed?</i></p>

### Приложение 3

<b>Simple</b>	<b>V2 ( Past Simple) V3 ( Past Participle)</b>
arise (возникать)	arose arisen
awake (будить)	awoke, awaked awoke, awaked

be (быть)	was	been
bear (рождать)	bore	born
bear (носить)	bore	borne
beat (бить)	beat	beaten
become (становить)	became	become
begin (начинать)	began	begun
bend (гнуть, сгибать)	bent	bent
bind (связывать)	bound	bound
bite (кусать)	bit	bitten
bleed (истекать кровью)		bled bled
blow (дуть)	blew	blown
break (ломать)	broke	broken
breed (выводить, разводить)		bred bred
bring (приносить)	brought	brought
broadcast (передавать по радио)		broadcast broadcast
	broadcasted	broadcasted
build (строить)	built	built
burn (гореть)	burnt	burnt
burst (разрывать)	burst	burst
buy (покупать)	bought	bought
cast (бросать)	cast	cast
catch (ловить)	caught	caught
choose (выбирать)	chose	chosen
cling (прилипать)	clung	clung
come (приходить)	came	some
cost (стоить)	cost	cost
creep (ползать)	crept	crept
cut (резать)	cut	cut
deal (торговать)	dealt	dealt
dig (копать)	dug	dug
do (делать)	did	done
draw (рисовать)	drew	drawn
dream (мечтать)	dreamt	dreamt
	dreamed	dreamed
drink (пить)	drank	drunk
drive (ехать)	drove	driven
dwell (обитать)	dwelt	dwelt
eat (есть)	ate	eaten
fall (падать)	fell	fallen
feed (кормить)	fed	fed
feet (чувствовать)	felt	felt
fight (сражаться)	fought	fought
find (находить)	found	found
flee (спасаться бегством)		fled fled
fling (кидать)	flung	flung

fly (летать)	flew	flown
forbid (запрещать)	forbade	forbidden
forget (забывать)	forgot	forgotten
forgive (прощать)	forgave	forgiven
freeze (замерзать)	froze	frozen
get (получать)	got	got
give (давать)	gave	given
go (идти)	went	gone
grind (точить)	ground	ground
grow (расти)	grew	grown
hang (висеть)	hung	hung
have (иметь)	had	had
hide (прятать)	hid	hid, hidden
hit (ударять)	hit	hit
hold (держатъ)	held	held
hurt (удариться)	hurt	hurt
keep (держатъ)	kept	kept
колени)	kneelt	kneel (становиться на)
know (знать)	knew	known
lay (класть)	laid	laid
lead (Вести)	led	led
lean (прислоняться)	leant	learnt
	leaned	leaned
leap (прыгать)	leapt, leaped	leapt, leaped
learn (учиться)	learnt, learned	learnt, learned
leave (оставлять)	left	left
lend (давать )	lent	lent
let (позволять)	let	let
lie (лежать)	lay	lain
light (освещать)	lit, lighted	lit, lighted
lose (Терять)	lost	lost
make (делать)	made	made
mean (значить)	meant	meant
meet (встречать)	met	met
pay (платить)	paid	paid
put (Класть)	put	put
read (читать)	read	read
ride (ездить верхом)	rode	ridden
ring (звонить)	rang	rung
rise (подниматься)	rose	risen
run (бежать)	ran	run
saw (пилить)	sawed	sawn
say (говорить)	said	said
see (видеть)	saw	seen

seek (искать)	sought	sought
sell (проливать)	sold	sold
send (посылать)	sent	sent
set (помещать)	set	set
shake (трясти)	shook	shaken
shave (брить)	shaved	shaven
shed (проливать)	shed	shed
shine (сиять)	shone	shone
shoe (подковывать)	shod	shod
shoot (стрелять)	shot	shot
show (показывать)	showed	shown
shrink (сморщиваться)	shrank	shronk
shut (закрывать)	shut	shut
sing (петь)	sang	sung
sink (погружаться)	sank	sunk
sit (сидеть)	sat	sat
sleep (спать)	slept	slept
slide (скользить)	slid	slid
smell (пахнуть)	smelt, smelled	smelt, smelted
sow (сеять)	sowed	sown
speak (говорить)	spoke	spoken
speed (спешить)	ped	ped
spell (произносить по буквам)	spelt, spelled	spell, spelled
spend (тратить)	spent	spent
spill (проливать)	spilt, spilled	spilt, spilled
spin (прясть)	span	spun
spit (плевать)	spat	spat
split (раскалывать)	split	split
spoil (портить)	spoilt, spoiled	spoilt, spoiled
spread (распространять)	spread	spread
spring (прыгать)	sprang	sprung
stand (стоять)	stood	stood
steal (красть)	stole	stolen
stick (приклеивать)	stuck	stuck
sting (жалить)	stung	stung
strike (ударять)	struck	struck
strive (стремиться)	' strove	striven
swear (браниться)	swore	sworn
sweep (подметать)	swept	swept
swell (пухнуть)	swelled	swollen
swim (плавать)	swam	swum
swing (качаться)	swung	swung
take (брать)	took	taken
teach (обучать)	taught	taught

tear (рвать)	tore	torn
tell (рассказывать)	told	told
think (думать)	thought	thought
throw (бросать)	threw	thrown
tread (ступать)	trod	trodden
understand (понимать)	understood	understood
wake (будить)	woke, waked	woken, waked
wear (носить)	wore	worn
weep (плакать)	wept	wept
win (выигрывать)	won	won
wind (заводить)	wound	wound
write (писать)	wrote	written